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The Times-Democrat.

THE ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT furnishes our readers LATEST NEWS BY WIRE DAILY.

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ANXIOUS

To Have a Vote on Hanna's Ship Subsidy Bill.

It Seems Doomed to Defeat.

The Senators May Work Nights to Avoid the Necessity of a Night Session---Memorial Services in Honor of Chief Justice Marshall.

Washington, Feb. 4.—The senate will continue its discussion of the ship subsidy bill during the first half of the present week, with probable interruptions during the morning hour of each day. There probably will be a movement to secure night sessions on the part of the friends of the shipping bill, and other strenuous efforts will be made to secure a vote.

The earlier part of today was given to the ceremonies in honor of the memory of Chief Justice Marshall. Senator Pettus has given notice that he will ask the attention of the senate to some remarks of his upon the resolution introduced by himself, declaring the right of the senate to demand and receive all papers on file in the executive departments. The Democrats do not hesitate to say that in case night sessions are ordered they will demand that a quorum shall be maintained. On Saturday eulogies will be delivered in honor of the late Representative Harmer of Pennsylvania.

In the House.

Washington, Feb. 2.—The house will resume the consideration of appropriation bills this week. The postoffice appropriation bill is not yet completed. It will be followed by the consular and diplomatic and the sundry civil bills. Bills to promote the efficiency of the revenue cutter service and to establish a national standardizing bureau and conference reports will consume whatever time remains. The exercises in connection with the celebration of the centennial anniversary of John Marshall's appointment as chief justice of the United States were held in the house of representatives from 10 to 1 o'clock.

Minority on Coinage Bill.

Washington, Feb. 4.—Congressman Shafroth of the committee on coinage, weights and measures has prepared the minority report on the bill directing the secretary of the treasury to exchange gold for legal tender silver dollars when presented to the treasury. The passage of the measure is objected to because it is alleged it will impose increased burdens upon the gold reserve of the treasury; that it will create a new endless chain upon the same; that it facilitates the exportation of gold; that it will produce the destruction of silver dollars and silver certificates as money; that it will depress the prices of all commodities and property; and finally it is claimed that it will be impossible for silver dollars to go to a discount as long as they are limited in number, as now provided by law, and hence there is no necessity for this legislation.

Blames Congress.

Washington, Feb. 4.—Secretary Long has addressed the following letter to Senator Morgan: "I have your letter with regard to Lieutenant Hobson, Captain Clark and others, and to the failure of the government to recognize their services. I need not say to you that no one feels this more keenly than myself, or has done more to endeavor to secure justice for the men who consummated the Santiago naval campaign. Will you let me say that the 'delay' is not with the executive branch of the government so much as with congress?"

A Disastrous Fire This Morning.

Pittsburg, Feb. 4.—The four story building of Stevenson and Foster collapsed this morning at 9:30, burning furiously until 11:30. Loss $160,000. The printing house people gave warning of the collapse early so there was no one in the building but Michael Farnslow, who fell from a third story window and was seriously hurt. There was no fatalities.

Burglars Made a Right Good Haul.

Mountisville, W. Va., Feb. 4.—Masked men entered the residence of T. L. Rogerson, a rich merchant, this morning. They covered Rogerson and his wife with revolvers, and got $100 in silver and $50 in gold. They failed to find a watch and $300 in another room. There is no clue.

A Religous Riot Occurred in Scranton.

Scranton, Feb. 4.—In a religious riot here caused by Dillionis, who claims to be an ex-priest and who tried to speak last night, a dozen were injured. Two were probably fatally injured. The lights were put out in a wild rush for the doors, shots were fired and the people were terribly trampled. Dillionis hustled out and threatens another attempt to speak.

Terrible Famine Prevails in China.

London, Feb. 4.—Chinese advices assert the famine in Providence, and Shansi the worst in the history of China. Two thirds of the people are without sufficient food. Cannibalism is being practiced. Parents driven insane by want and appeals of children, kill little ones rather than listen to the cries of distress. Women are sold by their husbands or sell themselves for food. The population of Shansi is twelve millions, Shensi nine millions.

THREE WERE KILLED

In the Terrible Snow Storm Which Prevailed in Chicago Yesterday.

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 4.—Eleven inches of snow fell yesterday and the wind blew 56 miles an hour. Three men lost their lives in the storm; one boy is missing and six persons were injured. The men lost their lives on car tracks. The snow plew across the tracks in clouds and it was impossible for the victims to see the trains or trainmen to see the victims. All through Illinois and the states to northwest and south the snow swept a trail of disaster. Street railway traffic was abandoned and the snow fell 36 hours in many places.

PARLIAMENT OPENS.

Vienna, Feb. 4.—Emperor Franz Joseph opened Austrian parliament today. He appealed to rival races to moderate enmities before plunging into strife which would threaten safety of empire. He hinted that absolutism might become necessary.

READY FOR CARRIE.

Topeka, Feb. 4.—Crusader, Mrs. Nation, scheduled to reach a climax this afternoon, announces the parade, 300 followers and saloon smashing. The saloons have their doors barricaded and three places have negroes at doors with loaded shot guns.

CRAZY SNAKE

Up Against a Charge of Treason

Along With a Bunch of Other Chiefs,

A Posse Was Sent Out to Arrest Lotah Mekko, the Real Chief of the Snake Band of Indians.

Muskogee, I. T., Feb. 4.—Chitto Harjo, or "Crazy Snake," the leader of the warring Creek Indians, and 17 of the minor leaders of that tribe have been landed in the federal jail here, where they will be held pending trial for treason. Marshal Bennett says that while most of the Indians are in hiding some are still trying to hold meetings. A posse will be sent to arrest Chief Lotah Mekko, the real chief of the Creeks. Crazy Snake says that he sees no reason for arrest and feels confident when the Indians are given a trial before the great white father's courts they would be released.

ANOTHER

Suspect Arrested for Complicity

In the Celebrated Goebel Murder Case.

A Number of Other Indictments Have Been Returned, But Will be Kept Secret Until the Arrests Are Made.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 4.—The arrest of Captain Garnett D. Ripley at New Castle on a bench warrant issued upon an indictment returned by the grand jury, it is said, will be followed by other arrests of persons against whom indictments, charging complicity in the Goebel murder, were returned, but not made public because the parties were not in custody. It is claimed here that the Ripley arrest is one of the most important yet made. He is a distant relative of the Breckinridges. The case of Henry E. Youtsey, who was given a life sentence by a Scott county jury last October, will be called at Georgetown Tuesday.

SNOW DRIFTS

Six Feet Deep Stop the Trains.

Kansas is Blockaded With an Avalanche

Of Snow Such as Has Not Been Known for Years. Entire Roads Are Tied Up Out There.

Atchison, Kan., Feb. 4.—The worst snowstorm for several years prevailed in northern Kansas and southern Nebraska. Three hundred miles on the central branch of the Missouri Pacific traversing northern Kansas are tied up and not a train has come in off the road. Passenger trains are snowbound at Cawker City, Greenleaf and Whiting, and several freights are stuck in the snow at different points. Snow plows are working westward from Atchison and eastward from Downs. All trains into Atchison are delayed Atchison streetcar lines are tied up. Snow drifts six feet deep are reported in many places along the central branch.

BOERS

Still Continuing in Action.

More Captures

Of British Soldiers and Supplies.

Kitchener Sends in a Doleful Message to the War Department.

The South African War is an Expensive Proposition for British. DeWet's Big Catch in One Week.

London, Feb. 4.—The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Kitchener, commander-in-chief in South Africa: "Our post at Medderfontein, on the Gaterrand, southwestern Krugersdorp, was attacked by 1,000 Boers. The relief column sent out from Krugersdorp failed to prevent the fall of the post. No details yet at hand, but officers and men captured at the post are arriving at Vereeniging."

Cost of the War.

New York, Feb. 4.—Charles D. Pierce, consul general of the Orange Free state and trustee and treasurer for the Boer relief fund, gave out a statement about the condition of affairs in South Africa. He says the situation is more encouraging than at any time since the beginning of the war. The Boer forces now number 25,000 men. In one week the great Dewet captured $825,000 in gold and 130,000 khaki uniforms. He has also taken 100,000 horses and 6,000 prisoners. The Boer total losses in killed and wounded have not exceeded 1,500. The war is costing England $1,000,000 per day and already has cost her over $800,000,000.

To Attempt a Rescue.

Lourenzo Marques, Feb. 4.—There is a commando of 2,000 Boers on Portuguese territory. It is supposed that their intention is to rescue the Boers here. The Portuguese authorities have decided to remove to Madeira such Boer refugees as decline to surrender to the British. The British have reoccupied Petersburg.

Dewet's March.

Pretoria, Feb. 4.—General Dewet had 3,000 men in his command when he crossed the Tuaba N'Chu line going southward. The Boers have collected in force in the eastern Transvaal in order to facilitate their escape.

Steamer In Distress.

Milwaukee, Feb. 4.—A steamer, believed to be the Muskegon, with a crew of 20 men on board, was reported off South Milwaukee blowing signals of distress. The engineer of the pumping works there responded with blasts from the works whistle. The steamer, which could not be plainly distinguished in the blinding snowstorm, continued blowing her whistle for half an hour and then apparently moved on to the southward. That was the last seen of her. The only steamer known to be out is the car ferry Muskegon, with 26 loaded cars from Ludington.

A Boer Sympathizer.

New York, Feb. 4.—G. B. Clark, an ex-member of parliament and a Boer sympathizer, arrived here on the steamship Minneapolis. Said He: "If the English should be victorious and establish their rule over the Boers, the latter will never acknowledge that rule. If England should conquer she would have another Ireland on her hands. The disposition of the people preclude their ever giving up the struggle."

Cramps Favor Subsidy.

London, Feb. 4.—The Daily Mail publishes a column article by Mr. C. H. Cramp of Philadelphia in favor of the ship subsidy bill. While he does not believe the bill a perfect measure, he says it will give the United States a chance to secure an honest share of the ocean carrying trade.

Lots of Her.

Laporte, Ind., Feb. 4.—Dr. Decter, a prominent physician of Union City, Ind., is on his way to this city to claim for his bride Miss Lucy Havens, Indiana's champion fat girl. The bride-to-be measures over five feet around her waist and weighs nearly 500 pounds.

Eight Hours.

Anaconda, Mon., Feb. 4.—In accordance with the bill establishing the eight-hour law which passed the Montana legislature, the Anaconda Copper Mining company gave orders to introduce the system immediately in its smelters in Montana. The eight-hour system had already been in use in the Butte mines of the company.

MAY REQUEST TROOPS.

Cincinnati, Feb. 4.—The Saengerfest directors defy Gov. Nash and say they will go ahead with the fight unless stopped by highest court in the state. If necessary on the other hand Sheriff Taylor will request troops of the governor to stop the fight.

BLOWN INTO WATER.

Somerville, N. J., Feb. 4.—A terrific gale suddenly swept over lake Hopatcong yesterday and of 150 men at work gathering ice 70 were blown into the icy water in the center of the lake. No one was drowned but many thrilling rescues were made.

COAT OF TAR

Said to be in Waiting for Her.

Mrs. Nation Has so Stirred Things Up

In Kansas That She May Have to Contend With Some Very Unpleasant Conditions Before She is Through.

Topeka, Feb. 4.—Policeman Luster has reported to City Marshal Stahl a plot on the part of the liquor men to tar and feather Mrs. Carrie Nation, the "joint smasher." Luster says that a negro tough whom he once befriended gave him the tip. The report has frightened Mrs. Nation and her sister crusaders, but they declare that they will continue the work of destroying "murder shops." A recruiting office for the "Topeka Brigade, Kansas Division, Carrie Nation's Army," has been opened. About 300 "soldiers" have signed the roll, mostly women. The program of the defenders is to march with drums beating and flags flying, and hold prayer meetings in front of every joint.

HILL OUT.

He Declares He is Not a Candidate

For the Nomination for Presiden in 1904.

But Will Devote Himself to the Practice of His Profession Making Politics a Collateral Matter.

New York, Feb. 4.—The announcement that Senator Hill is not a candidate for the presidential nomination of his party in 1904 is made by the Albany correspondent of Leslie's Weekly in the current issue. He says:

"I have the highest authority for the statement that Senator Hill is not a candidate, in any sense, for the presidential nomination, and that he is not responsible for the action of his friends and will in no way encourage the continuance of such action.

"This reluctance on the part of the senator to re-enter public life is not the result of a pique or disappointment. Like every other man who reaches middle life, Senator Hill looks forward to achieving substantial financial independence by maintaining his established and well-settled professional practice. While he is averse to making public expression of his feelings in the matter, his determination is not a secret. He will continue to be an influential factor, but this will not interfere with a conviction he has recently expressed to many friends that officeholding is unsatisfactory and unprofitable."

THE GIRLS STRUCK.

Scranton, Feb. 4.—Twenty-seven hundred girls have struck in the silk mills in this city and vicinity. They are paid starvation wages, ranging from $2 to $3.50 per week. They want a raise of from 10 to 25 per cent. Every mill is closed down.

BURNED TO A CRISP.

Cleveland, Feb. 4.—The body of Fred Keester, the night watchman at Reed & Co's., who perished in the recent fire was found this morning. He had burned to a crisp in the cellar.

THE WEATHER.

Ohio—Fair and much colder tonight; Tuesday fair.

ROYAL

Remains Finally Laid to Rest With Impressive Ceremony.

Services Were Held in Public.

Only Attended by the Immediate Members of the Family. Interment Was Made at Frogmore at Three O'clock This Afternoon.

London, Feb. 4.—The interment of the remains of the late Queen Victoria took place at Frogmore at 3 p. m. today. The coffin was conveyed from Albert Memorial chapel at Windsor on a gun carriage drawn by artillery.

The guard of honor was the late Queen's company of Grenadier guards, the regimental band accompanying the escort to the mausoleum. The ceremony there was private, the immediate members of the royal family attending. The archbishop of York, the bishop of Winchester and the dean of Windsor officiated. The choir of St. George's chapel royal, Sir Walter Barrett directing, rendered the music. The choir met the procession at the steps of the chapel and with the clergy preceded the coffin, the royal personages, with the servants and the late queen's pipers, following.

A memorial service was held Sunday in St. George's chapel, attended by King Edward, Queen Alexandria, the Duchess of Cornwall and York, Emperor William, the Duke of Connaught, other relatives of the late queen and 30 ladies and gentlemen of the royal household. The prayers were the special prayers prescribed relating to the reign of Victoria and the succession of Edward. The music was rendered with beautiful effect.

The coffin was carried into the mausoleum, preceded by the choir and the clergy. The members of the royal family on entering took places on each side of the sarcophagus, the royal household standing in the transcept on each side. The whole of the castle was kept clear. All concerned, including the mourners, walked. A large force of London police was appointed to keep order, and the spectacle was very impressive, bands playing funeral marches.

After this the ceremony was private, as there was only room for the mourners and the clergy. The choir sang Sir Arthur Sullivan's anthem, "Yea, Though I Walk," the hymn "Sleep Thy Last Sleep" and Tennyson's "The Face of Death Is Turned Towards the Sun of Light," set to music by Sir Walter Parratt.

Memorial services, pulpit references and touching scenes occurred again throughout the United Kingdom, while from all quarters of the globe have come innumerable telegrams describing how Saturday was kept. Wherever a few British were gathered together their ordinary labors were abandoned for religious services; and their thoughts were turned toward the bier of Victoria.

Chicago's Tribute.

Chicago, Feb. 4.—Five thousand voices were lifted in tribute to England's dead ruler at the auditorium. The stage was done in deep mourning. English and American flags hung side by side with streamers of black between. A picture of the dead queen framed in crepe hung in the background. Dr. Gunsaulus was the principal speaker. His address was eulogistic and was devoted in the main to the influence Queen Victoria exerted on the world.

At Cleveland.

Cleveland, Feb. 4.—Impressive memorial services were held in memory of Queen Victoria at the Euclid Avenue opera house. The opera house was crowded and hundreds were unable to gain admittance. There were appropriate drapings and large portraits of the deceased ruler were conspicuous on the stage. Handel's dead march in Saul was rendered after the opening prayer.

Carnegie's Tribute.

New York, Feb. 4.—Andrew Carnegie spoke in Carnegie hall upon "The Moral Character of Queen Victoria." "One of the important traits," said Mr. Carnegie, "of Queen Victoria, was her large liberal and generous toleration of all sects. Queen Victoria kept her court pure. The chief jewel in her dower was purity. No scandal or loose living was ever tolerated there."

Wessels on the Queen's Death.

Chicago, Feb. 4.—Philip Louter Wessels, one of the three Boer envoys now in this country to enlist sympathy and aid for the struggling republic, in an address at McVicker's theater declared that the Boers cherished the memory of Queen Victoria; that she would have tried to end the South African war had she lived, and that her death was hastened by that war.

WARNED

That a Gang of Thieves and Crooks

Had Headed for the Town of Marion.

The Bankers' Association Sent Out Advance Warning to Its Member to Prepare for Trouble Which is Threatened.

Marion, Ind., Feb. 4.—George Weber, Jr., cashier of the Marion bank, is in receipt of a letter from the Southern Bankers' association, located in Memphis, Tenn., stating that a gang of thieves and all-around crooks, which has been operating throughout the southern states, started north about two weeks ago and that two of Marion's banks are scheduled to be looted. The three banks here and the police department have taken the matter in hand, and an extra force of officers are patrolling the streets in citizens' clothes.

Neely's Bond.

Havana, Feb. 4.—The military government will demand a cash bond from C. F. W. Neely, the alleged defaulter. What the amount will be has not been stated, as Neely's lawyer absolutely refuses to deposit cash, fearing it will be seized. The charges will aggregate an embezzlement of over $100,000, with the possibility of the amount being materially increased. The judge of the court of first instance is inclined to hold that Neely is guilty of stealing surcharged stamps to the amount of $200,000, and as the question of bail at present rests with him, the cash to be deposited would exceed that figure.

Shot by a Woman.

Lebanon, O., Feb. 4. — Charles Thompson was shot and killed by Dora Cragier. He has been married, but separated from his wife, and has been living with the Cragier woman, it is said, for about two years. Dora Cragier was arrested immediately after the shooting. She admits that she shot Thompson and says that she did it because he abused her. She swallowed over an ounce of laudanum in a futile attempt to end her life.

Work of a Tornado.

Cooper, Tex., Feb. 4.—A tornado did great damage in the western portion of Delta county. The home of James Moody at Honest was wrecked, and his 14-year-old daughter fatally wounded. Tink Surret was killed and two daughters seriously injured at Rattan, where a number of houses were wrecked. At Denton an oil mill was wrecked but no one was hurt.

A Philanthropist.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Feb. 4.—William Chapman Baker, 92, philanthropist and capitalist, formerly a leading citizen of Morristown, N. J., died at his home in this city. He was the oldest surviving graduate of Princeton and had personal acquaintance with General Lafayette.

For Mayor of Columbus.

Columbus, O., Feb. 4.—Allen W. Thurman announces his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for mayor of Columbus. Mr. Thurman will run on a platform demanding 3-cent streetcar fares.

DEWET'S PROGRESS.

London, Feb. 4.—Kitchener reports that Dewet is sweeping towards Cape Colony. General Campbell met 5,000 Boers at Middlesburg and forced them to retreat. The British lost two officers and 18 men. Four ambulances were captured by the Boers.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE® NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

"Take Time by The Forelock."

Don't wait until sickness overtakes you. When that tired feeling, the first rheumatic pain, the first warnings of impure blood are manifest, take Hood's Sarsaparilla and you will rescue your health and probably save a serious sickness. Be sure to get Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

SOCIAL PHILOSOPHY.

Agreeable advice is seldom useful advice.

The fisherman's wealth depends on his net profits.

If a musician utters false notes he is a counterfeiter.

The world is like a piano—full of sharps and flats.

Platonic love is a dinner at which nothing but soup is served.

Success is the one crime some people refuse to forgive in their friends.

No man is truly wise who denies that he ever made a fool of himself.

But few people have enough confidence in themselves to believe all they say.

Some men are always feeling for the handle that will enable them to pump you.

If you are not satisfied with your lot put it in the hands of a real estate dealer.

Young ladies should set good examples if they want young men to follow them.

The inexperienced maid wants to be a man's first love, but the wise widow prefers to be his last.

Fully two-thirds of a woman's troubles result from reasoning with her heart instead of her head.

Mother Eve may have invented curiosity, but she is the only woman on record who never turned around to see what the other woman had on.

"A wise guy" once said: "Every failure is a step toward success." This may explain why the oftener some men fail the richer they become.

Genesee Pure Food Co., Le Roy, N. Y.:

Dear Sirs:—Some days since a package of your GRAIN-O preparation was left at my office. I took it home and gave it a trial, and I have to say I was very much pleased with it, as a substitute for coffee. We have always used the best Java and Mocha in our family, but I am free to say I like the GRAIN-O as well as the best coffee I ever drank. Respectfully yours.

A. C. JACKSON, M. D.

MARDI GRAS RATES

Via C. H. & D. Ry. to New Orleans Mobile or Pensacola.

On account of the Mardi Gras festivities at the above cities which will be more brilliant and grander than ever before, the C. H. & D. Ry. will sell tickets at half rates on February 12th to 17th inclusive; good returning to March 7th inclusive.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPECIAL EXCURSION

At low rates to Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, February 19th, via C. H. & D. railway. For further information, see ticket agent C. H. & D.

LAGRIPPE QUICKLY CURED.

"In the winter of 1898 and 1899 I was taken down with a severe attack of what is called la grippe" says F. L. Hewett, a prominent druggist of Winfield, Ill. "The only medicine I used was two bottles of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It broke up the cold and stopped the coughing like magic, and I have never since been troubled with grip." Chamberlain's Cough Remedy can always be depended upon to break up a severe cold and ward off any threatened attack of pneumonia. It is pleasant to take, too, which makes it the most desirable and one of the most popular preparations in use for these ailments. For sale by all druggists.

Emperor's Letter Among Loot.

Among the loot at Pekin that fell to the lot of a Russian officer was the decoration of the Order of the Black Eagle and the autograph letter from Emperor William which conferred the insignia upon the emperor of China.

A FIREMAN'S CLOSE CALL.

"I stuck to my engine, although every joint ached and every nerve was racked with pain," writes C. W. Bellamy, a locomotive fireman of Burlington, Iowa., "I was weak and pale, without any appetite and all run down. As I was about to give up, I got a bottle of Electric Bitters, and after taking it, I felt as well as I ever did in my life." Weak, sickly, run down people always gain new life, strength and vigor from their use. Try them. Satisfaction guaranteed by H. F. Vortkamp. Price 50 cents.

WOMAN AND HOME.

ITEMS OF INTEREST FOR MAIDS AND MATRONS.

No Woman Cyclers in Spain—Wheeling Has Never Had Devotees Among the Fair Ones of Castile—The Marriageable Age of the Spanish Senorita.

THE GIRLS OF SPAIN.

The Spanish girl has none of the free and happy time our girls enjoy after emancipation from the drudgery of the schoolroom and before the cares of womanhood begin.

All Spanish girls are convent bred and their education consists very largely in learning to embroider, which is an art in which they excel. At 14 or 15, or even sometimes at 12 years old, they make their debut in society and are considered marriageable.

Girls of 14 and boys of 16 frequently marry and a girl of 15 or 16 has often a family of two or three little ones. These early marriages are seldom happy, but divorce is unknown in Spain. If a husband and wife cannot agree they separate and live apart.

The "new woman" as we know her is unknown in Spain, and though the ladies of that country are often graceful and clever horsewomen, the bicycle is only just beginning to make its way among them.

Not only is there among gentlewomen a prejudice against cycling, as not being a graceful accomplishment, but their natural indolence makes them prefer to be carried on horseback to having to exert their muscles to propel a "bike."

As a rule Spanish girls take a considerable interest in dress, and though they have a great love of bright colors they contrive to wear them so they are very becoming.

Spanish women have greater need of care in the matter of dress than have English women, for they fade so much sooner. They come to maturity far earlier than their northern sisters and, perhaps on account of their earlier marriages, at 40 they often have lost every vestige of youth and beauty and are perfect old hags.

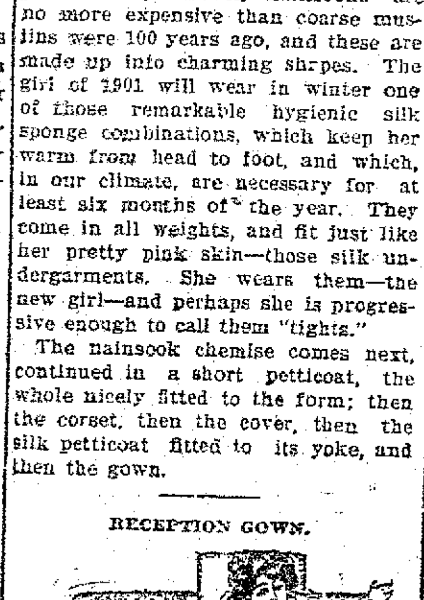
HER UNDERWEAR.

And how will she begin to gown herself, the girl of 1901? Why, next the skin, of course. You have heard that Queen Elizabeth of England, the lovely "Queen Bess" of poetry, boasted that she did not change her clothing from season to season, and you know there were ladies of "ye dear olden days" who never took off their corsets from week to week. But that is not the way the girl of the twentieth century will do.

Right next the skin comes the first improvement in woman's dress of the past century. Lovely nainsooks are no more expensive than coarse muslins were 100 years ago, and these are made up into charming shapes. The girl of 1901 will wear in winter one of those remarkable hygienic silk sponge combinations, which keep her warm from head to foot, and which, in our climate, are necessary for at least six months of the year. They come in all weights, and fit just like her pretty pink skin—those silk undergarments. She wears them—the new girl—and perhaps she is progressive enough to call them "tights."

The nainsook chemise comes next, continued in a short petticoat, the whole nicely fitted to the form; then the corset, then the cover, then the silk petticoat fitted to its yoke, and then the gown.

RECEPTION GOWN.



With strong contrasts of black materials. Black lace, point d'esprit and velvet over a lining of white taffeta. Ermine shoulder cape, with cream accordion plaited rosettes and ends at throat. Large ermine muff.

HOW TO REMAIN ATTRACTIVE.

The face is, without doubt, an index to the heart, therefore, if you wish to look always young and charming, be as happy as you can. Dress as well as your means will allow, dress becomingly and dress modestly; give every attention to your underclothing.

Always wear nice petticoats, so that when you raise your skirts your appearance may be dainty.

Wear good fitting corsets; they need not be expensive ones, and they should be removed as often as necessary. Never wear soiled corsets, and it seldom, if ever, pays to clean them; better purchase another pair, or better still, have three pairs constantly on hand, to be worn on alternate days and all of them will be found to wear better to keep clean longer and to be more healthful. Never lace a corset too tightly, as this will push the flesh where it should not be, and cause the wearer's hands, face or nose to become red and swollen. For a slight woman corsets of medium length in front, with short hips and low in the bust should be worn; for a plump woman a corset nearly the same length all the way round is preferable. Let the corset, whether worn by a stout woman or a slight one, nearly meet at the waist, but open wider at the top and bottom edge; this will keep the figure in trim. A stout woman should clasp her corsets from the top downward, whereas a slender woman should fasten her corset from the lower edge upward.

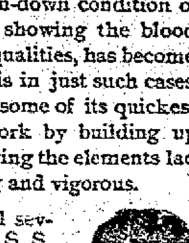
Wear your hair neatly and becomingly dressed; if you have very little hair you should, in justice to yourself, wear artificial. If the front hair is very thin, an artificial fringe may be necessary, but select one that is not heavy, or it will not look natural; if the back hair needs to be added to, select a switch that matches your own in color and in texture, and do not have it too heavy or too long.

It is the duty of every woman to make herself as attractive as possible, and every one should look her best at all times, not alone from a motive of self-respect, but because her friends like to think of her as pretty or dainty. As one advances in years, to have pretty and fashionable clothes it is not necessary to dress like a young girl; the one great thing in dress is to have it well made and well hung and becoming.—American Queen.

No External Symptoms.

The blood may be in bad condition, yet with no external signs, no skin eruption or sores to indicate it. The symptoms in such cases being a variable appetite, poor digestion, an indescribable weakness and nervousness, loss of flesh and a general run-down condition of the system—clearly showing the blood has lost its nutritive qualities, has become thin and watery. It is in just such cases that S. S. S. has done some of its quickest and most effective work by building up the blood and supplying the elements lacking to make it strong and vigorous.

"My wife used several bottles of S. S. S. as a blood purifier and to tone up a weak and emaciated system, with very marked effect by way of improvement. "We regard it a great tonic and blood purifier."—J. F. DUFF, Princeton, Mo.



SSS is the greatest of all tonics, and you will find the appetite improves at once, strength returns, and nervousness vanishes as new rich pure blood once more circulates through all parts of the system.

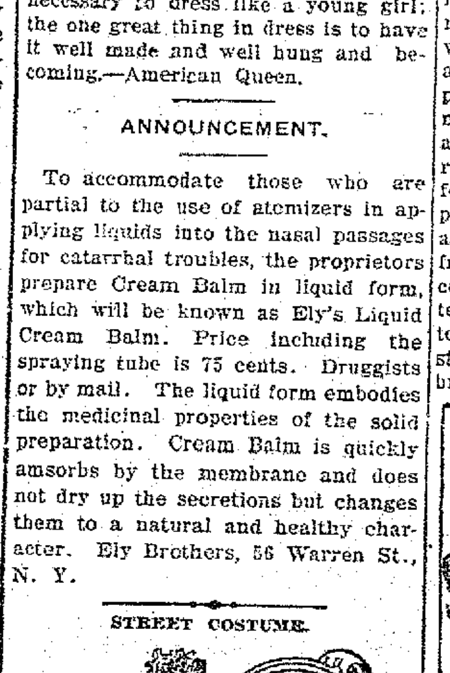
S. S. S. is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known. It contains no minerals whatever. Send for our free book on blood and skin diseases and write our physicians for any information or advice wanted. No charge for medical advice.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

To accommodate those who are partial to the use of atomizers in applying liquids into the nasal passages for catarrhal troubles, the proprietors prepare Cream Balm in liquid form, which will be known as Ely's Liquid Cream Balm. Price including the spraying tube is 75 cents. Druggists or by mail. The liquid form embodies the medicinal properties of the solid preparation. Cream Balm is quickly amsorbs by the membrane and does not dry up the secretions but changes them to a natural and healthy character. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., N. Y.

STREET COSTUME.



Of black cloth, with ermine revers and collar. The revers fasten across with bands of black and white satin, with gilt buttons. Design on skirt and coat of black velvet, with stitched bands of the cloth.

All druggists guarantee every bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and will refund the money to anyone who is not satisfied after using two-thirds of the contents. This is the best remedy in the world for lagrippe, coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough and is pleasant and safe to take. It prevents any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia. novl-4w

NOTES ON SCIENCE.

CURRENT NOTES OF DISCOVERY AND INVENTION.

Points About Skin Diseases and How to Prevent Them—A New Bicycle Ambulance—An Excavator for Clearing Ship Channels.

PREVENTION OF SKIN DISEASES.

Among the most common diseases of the skin are acne and eczema, one of which is known to be, and the other probably is, the result of the presence of a microbe on or in the skin. This microbe is a vegetable growth, although a very minute one, and like other noxious weeds, when once it has been planted and has begun to grow it is often extremely difficult to dislodge it.

Every farmer knows that it is easier to keep a field clean by constant care than to clear it after it has once been overgrown with weeds. It is the same with the skin. It is easier to keep the skin in health, and to arrest a commencing disease, than to cure a disease once it has become firmly established.

If it were generally understood that the presence of a few pimples constitutes a true skin disease, which, if neglected, will probably grow worse, fewer persons would suffer from the disfigurement of acne.

The skin is much like the system in general; if it is in good condition it will repel the assaults of disease, but if neglected it becomes less resistant, and soon offers a favorable soil for the growth of noxious germs.

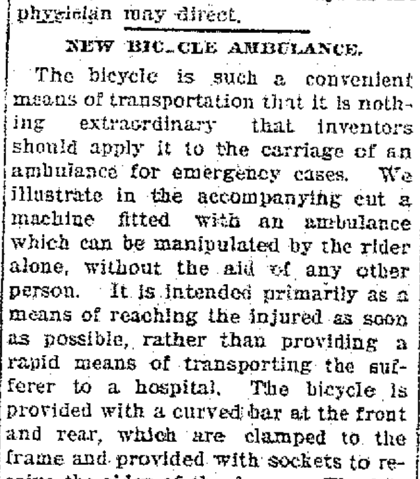
The skin is one of the so-called excretory organs, and if the other organs of similar function—the kidneys and the bowels—do not perform their work properly, an undue proportion of the waste products of the body must be got rid of through the pores of the skin. This throws work upon the integument which it is not accustomed to perform, and it soon becomes diseased in consequence.

The first thing necessary to keep the skin well is to maintain the health of the body by exercise, cleanliness, fresh air day and night, good food properly cooked, a sufficient amount of sleep, and suitable clothing. In addition to these general measures the skin itself should receive special attention in the way of a daily bath, followed by vigorous rubbing with a coarse towel or flesh brush.

Some persons have naturally clear skins, while others appear to have a special predisposition to blackheads and pimples. The fortunate ones must see to it that they do not mar what nature has given them by an unhygienic mode of life; but the others need not despair, for their tendency to eruptions may often be overcome by scrupulous care both of the body and of the skin itself, after the manner above indicated, and in such other ways as the physician may direct.

NEW BICYCLE AMBULANCE.

The bicycle is such a convenient means of transportation that it is nothing extraordinary that inventors should apply it to the carriage of an ambulance for emergency cases. We illustrate in the accompanying cut a machine fitted with an ambulance which can be manipulated by the rider alone, without the aid of any other person. It is intended primarily as a means of reaching the injured as soon as possible, rather than providing a rapid means of transporting the sufferer to a hospital. The bicycle is provided with a curved bar at the front and rear, which are clamped to the frame and provided with sockets to receive the sides of the frame. The latter is of light tubing and has braces to stretch the canvas when the stretcher is open. When not in use the braces are folded in line with the frame



AN INVALID CARRIER.

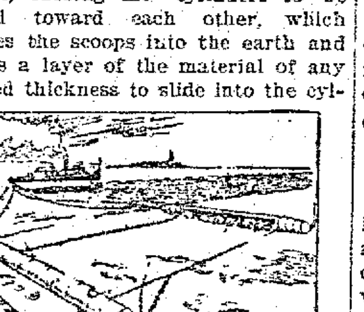
and the whole may be rolled up and attached to the bicycle without interfering with the rider sufficiently to impede his progress. To steer the wheel when the stretcher is in use an elongated handle is clamped to the front fork, extending nearly to the level of the canvas, the rescuer using one hand to push the ambulance and the other to steer with.

THE ORIGIN OF WRITING.

Arthur J. Evans, the discoverer of the remains of a great prehistoric palace at Knossos in Crete, which is believed to be the original of the fabled "Labyrinth," says that the revelations made there carry back the existence of written documents on Greek soil some eight centuries beyond the earliest dated Phoenician record as seen on the Moabite stone. These discoveries, therefore, "place the whole question of the origin of writing on a new basis." Mr. Evans thinks that the Cretan hieroglyphs exactly correspond with what, in virtue of their names, we must suppose to have been the pictoral originals of the Phoenician letters on which the alphabet is based. Among these are Aleph, the ox's head; Beth, the house; Daleth, the door, and so forth. This contravenes the old theory of De Rouge that the Phoenician letters were derived from early Egyptian forms signifying quite different objects.

SHIP CHANNEL EXCAVATOR.

The dredging of a deep water channel for large ships by any of the several methods now in use is a laborious task in spite of all the improved machinery designed for the purpose, but an Irish inventor believes he has invented an apparatus which will do this work more economically and thoroughly than it can be accomplished by any of the old methods. He has taken out patents on the invention in eighteen different countries. The apparatus consists of a pair of large steel cylinders, with elongated lips projecting from the central portion which are adapted to engage the earth as the cylinders are drawn toward each other, scooping the earth into the rear portion of the cylinders. The arrangement is such that the vessel can be floated to any required position and then drawn apart to the required distance and sunk to the river bed. The controlling apparatus on the ship above then begins to tighten the chains, causing the cylinders to be forced toward each other, which presses the scoops into the earth and causes a layer of the material of any desired thickness to slide into the cylinders.



IMPROVED DREDGING APPARATUS.

When the latter are filled they are tilted backward until the opening is at the top. Then the water in the end compartment is forced out by injecting air and the vessels rise to the surface, to be transported to the dumping ground.

BICYCLE WHEEL IN ASTRONOMY.

At the Yale observatory an interesting use has been found for the bicycle wheel. By fitting such a wheel with a series of opaque screens placed at regular intervals and then rotating it, with the aid of a small motor, at the rate of from 30 to 50 turns in a minute in front of the cameras used to photograph meteors, Dr. Elkin has succeeded in measuring the velocity of the meteor's flight. The principle depends upon the interruptions produced by the screens in the trails of light made upon the photographic plates by the flying meteors. The velocity of the wheel is known at every instant by means of a chronographic record, and the length of the interruptions indicates the seed of the meteors.

AGE OF THE BIG TREES.

An age as great as 5,000 years has sometimes been ascribed to the giant trees of California. Prof. Charles E. Bessey, of the University of Nebraska, regards this estimate as very much exaggerated. He says that he once counted with great care the rings of growth of a tree felled in 1853, and which was fully 24 or 25 feet in diameter, so that its stump served as the floor of a dancing pavilion. The rings numbered 1,147, and that number would represent the age of the tree in years. Professor Bessey adds that he gravely doubts whether any of the existing trees approach the age of 2,000 years.

THE ELEPHANT AS A WORKER.

Mr. E. N. Buxton, in discussing the question of the preservation of big game in Africa, points out the great difficulty of protecting elephants, on account of the high market value of their tusks, and then avers that personally he is opposed to the destruction of elephants at all, on the ground that, valuable as they are for their ivory, they might be still more valuable as weight-carriers. The idea of employing elephants as domestic animals of burden is not new, and many have testified to the patient and effective manner in which they apply their enormous strength in the service of man.

BEET BEATS SUGAR-CANE.

According to a recent consular report from Magdeburg, Germany, the production of beet sugar in the world is now twice as great as that of cane sugar. This victory of the beet over the cane is ascribed to the influence of the science of chemistry in developing the industry of beet sugar making. This influence is especially exerted in Germany, where more than a thousand chemists are exclusively employed in the sugar factories. The manufacture of beet sugar has taken a sudden start in Spain since she lost her colonies in the war with the United States.

TRAINS WITH DOUBLE MOTORS.

Experiments are being made on the Wannsee railroad between Berlin and Zehlendorf, Germany, to determine the precise value of electric propulsion as a substitute for steam. The train used consists of eight ordinary cars, and is provided with an electric motor car at each end, the advantage of this arrangement being that the reversing of the train at the terminals of the journey becomes unnecessary. Thus far the electric power has proved to be about 15 per cent cheaper than steam power.

Generally the more insignificant a man is the more he likes to be considered dangerous.

DESIRED WAISTLINE EFFECT.

Short back and long front are now the joint aim of every woman, and this mode gives to the waist that willowy, slender appearance. A woman who always, even in the simplest gingham gown, looks as if she were a clipping from a pretty fashion book, explained how she succeeded in always getting the desired effect at the waistline, says the Louisville Post.

"All of my waists," said she, "are sewed up to a band under the arms, the back of the waist being long in the regulation shirt style. This is worn under the skirt, while the front of the waist is worn outside, pinned down securely in front, the belt likewise being fastened down to the point, and behold! so simply the thing is done."

It is certainly a wrinkle worth the knowing, and one can with very little trouble cut off one's shirt waists in front, sew on a band and get the same effect with all of them.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE

Has world-wide fame for marvellous cures. It surpasses any other salve, lotion, ointment or balm for cuts, corns, burns, boils, sores, felons, ulcers, tetter, salt rheum, fever sores, chapped hands, skin eruptions; Infallible for piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store, cor. Main and North sts.

Great Strength of Camel.

A camel possesses twice the carrying power of an ox. With an ordinary load of four hundred pounds he can travel twelve or fourteen days without water, going forty miles a day. Camels are fit to work at five years old, but their strength begins to decline at twenty-five, although they usually live to forty.

Amusing Juxtaposition of Machines.

At the New York automobile show there was an amusing suggestiveness about the juxtaposition of three machines on the main floor. Ranged in a row there was a big truck bearing the word "Champagne" in large lettering, and the brand next to it has an ambulance and next to it a patrol wagon.

HOW TO CURE THE GRIP.

Remain quietly at home and take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy as directed and a quick recovery is sure to follow. That remedy counteracts any tendency of the grip to result in pneumonia, which is really the only serious danger. Among the tens of thousands who have used it for the grip not one case has ever been reported that did not recover. For sale by all druggists.

Humorously Roasts Non-Advertisers.

On arriving at his store the other morning a slow-going citizen of Carterville, Mo., found a large snake asleep in front of the door. The merchant does no advertising and the Carterville Record is moved to remark that the snake could not have found a quieter spot.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Cardiff Mourns the Marquis.

The marquis of Bute, who died recently, is sincerely mourned throughout southern Wales, and more particularly in Cardiff, which, from a little town of barely 1,000 inhabitants, was raised by his efforts to the dignity of a thriving industrial and shipping center.

College President on Girl Problem.

President Harris of Amherst College is one of the first presidents to attempt publicly to solve the servant girl problem. At a recent meeting of women's clubs at Amherst, Mass., he read a paper on the subject and offered suggestions.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.

In pursuance of an order of the Probate Court of Allen county, Ohio, I will offer for sale at public auction on SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16, 1901, at 1 o'clock p. m., at the east door of the court house, in Lima, Allen county, Ohio, the following described real estate, situated in the city of Lima, county of Allen and state of Ohio, to wit:

Beginning at a point on the west line of McDonel street, in the city of Lima, Ohio, and forty (40) feet south of the north line of the southeast quarter of section number thirty-six (36) township number three (3) south of range number six (6) east, in said county, thence west parallel with the north line of said southeast quarter of said section number thirty-six (36), four hundred (400) feet to a point; thence south parallel with the west line of said McDonel street two hundred and fifty (250) feet to a point; thence east parallel with the north line of said southeast quarter of said section number thirty-six (36) four hundred (400) feet to the west line of McDonel street; thence on the west line of said McDonel street two hundred and fifty (250) feet to the place of beginning. Free of the dower estate of Alfred C. Baxter.

Appraised at fifteen thousand three hundred ($15,300.00) dollars.

Terms of sale, cash.

SAMUEL A. BAXTER,
Administrator of the estate of Carrie B. Baxter, deceased.

Motter, Mackenzie & Weadock, Attorneys.
m&t-4t

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

A dose of the Bitters will sharpen your appetite and put your stomach in good condition. It will tone up the nerves, put new life into your sluggish liver and cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Flatulency, and Kidney Troubles

Shot in Twenty-Six Places.

Of the many wonderful experiences in South Africa that of Lieutenant J. Evans of the First Royal Enniskillen Fusiliers, who was shot in twenty-six places at Pieter's Hill, and afterward recovered, is one of the most startling. Lieutenant Evans, having recovered, recently went on his way to South Africa to rejoin his regiment for duty.

Entitled to Many Initials.

Sir William Huggins, who succeeds Lord Lister as president of the Royal Society, shares with Sir Joseph Hooker, a past president, the record of having received three of the society's gold medals—the Copeley, which is the highest the society can give, the Rumford and the Royal. Sir William was elected a fellow in 1865, and has served five times upon the council. He is a K. C. B., D. C. L. of Oxford, LL. D. of Cambridge, Edinburgh, Dublin and St. Andrew, Hon. F. R. S. E., F. R. A. S., etc. The remaining letters of honor occupy seven lines in the Royal Society's calendar.

NOTICE!

The third and final account of A. D. Miller, guardian of Rachel J. Miller, will be for hearing on Saturday, the 9th day of February, A. D. 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m. in the Court of Common Pleas of Allen county, Ohio.

[Seal] M. J. SULLIVAN
Clerk of Courts, Allen County, O.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 9972.

Ex. Doc. 12. Page 313.

The Tecumseh Gravel Co., plaintiff
vs.
Wilbert A. Carey, et al., defendants.
Allen Common Pleas.

By virtue of an order of sale issued from the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen County, Ohio, and to me directed. I will offer for sale at the east door of the Court House in Lima, Ohio, Allen county, Ohio, on

SATURDAY, THE 16th DAY OF FEBRUARY, A. D. 1901,

between the hours of one o'clock and four o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements, situated in the City of Lima and Shawnee township, Allen county, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to wit:

And known as the northwest quarter of the northeast quarter of section number seventeen (17) in township number four (4) south, range six (6) east, containing forty (40) acres of land.

Also, a part of the south half of the southwest quarter of section thirty-six (36) township three (3) south, range six (6) east, being in the city of Lima, Ohio, and more particularly described as follows: Beginning at a point where the east line of the Shawnee wagon road intersects the north line of Kibby street, running thence east on the north line of Kibby street one hundred and twenty-four (124) feet, thence in a northwesterly direction one hundred and ninety-five (195) feet more or less to a point in the south line of tract of land owned by E. F. Davis sixty-one (61) feet east of the east line of said Shawnee wagon road, thence west sixty-one (61) feet to the east line of said Shawnee wagon road, thence southwesterly on the east line of said Shawnee wagon road to the place of beginning.

Tract of land appraised at $1400.00
House and lot appraised at $1200.00
Total appraisement $2600.00.
Terms of sale: Cash.

E. A. BOGART,
Sheriff, Allen County, O.

Lima, Ohio, January 9th, 1901.
Bentley & Richie, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

Case No. 10483.

Execution Docket 13. Page 157.

Harmon Kibbey, Plaintiff.
vs.
The Lima Iron Fence Co. et al., Defendant.
Allen Common Pleas

By virtue of an order of sale, issued from the Court of Common Pleas, of Allen county, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at the east door of the Court House in Lima, Allen county, Ohio on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 9TH, A. D. 1901,

Between the hours of 1 o'clock and 4 o'clock p. m., the following described lands and tenements, situate in the City of Lima, Allen county, State of Ohio, and described as follows, to-wit:

Being a part of the southeast corner of the northeast quarter, and the northeast corner of the southeast quarter of section one (1), in township fourth (4), south of range six (6) east, in Allen county, Ohio, and bounded and described as beginning at a point in the west line of Greenlawn avenue in the City of Lima, where the south line of the Chicago & Atlantic (now Chicago & Erie) railroad right-of-way crosses said west line of said avenue, the center line of said avenue being the east line of said section one (1), and where said line intersects the south line of said Chicago & Atlantic (now Chicago & Erie) railroad right-of-way 35 and 65-100 chains from the northeast corner of said section one (1).

Thence south along the west line of said avenue three hundred and nine feet and six inches (309-6); thence west at right angles with said avenue three hundred and twenty-two feet and six inches (322-6) to the east line of Broadway; thence north along the said east line of Broadway three hundred and nine feet and six inches more or less to the south line of the right-of-way of said railroad company; thence east along the south line of said right-of-way three hundred and twenty-two feet and six inches more or less to the place of beginning containing three (3) acres more or less.

Appraised at $1,600.00.
Terms of sale: Cash.

E. A. BOGART,
Sheriff, Allen County, Ohio.

Lima, Ohio, January 2nd, 1901.
Leete & Brotherton, plaintiff's attorneys.
jan 4-11

NewspaperARCHIVE®

Omega Oil

Cold in the Chest

Now, see here a minute, my friend. You ought to know that you can't cure a cold in the chest, or sore throat, or shooting pains in the lungs, by swallowing medicines. The stuff you swallow goes into your stomach, and your trouble is not there at all. What you want to do is to rub your throat and chest with Omega Oil, and do it quick, too. Nature made this oil for exactly this purpose. It subdues and overcomes the inflammation and is at least a hundred times better than a sticky, itching, nasty porous plaster. Don't lose time fooling with such things, but start using Omega Oil as quickly as you can.

Tell your druggist you want Omega Oil and nothing else. If he refuses to supply you, the Omega Chemical Co., 39 Broadway, New York, will mail you a bottle prepaid for 50c. in cash, money order or stamps. 7-24

FREE MESSENGER SERVICE.

Your ad carried FREE to The Times Democrat by A. D. T. Messenger.

CALL—The Times-Democrat or American District Telegraph Office.

Messengers furnished for all other purposes, by A. D. T. Co., at a nominal charge.

WHEN INSURED IN THE

"NORTHWESTERN"

YOU CAN REST ASSURED THAT YOU ARE INSURED.

O'CONNER BROS.

GENERAL AGENTS O'Conner Block, Lima O.
R. E. DAVIS, E. L. THOMAS, Special Agents

DR. W. N. BOYER,
Physician and Surgeon.
Special attention given to RECTAL DISEASES and DISEASES OF WOMEN
ROOMS—29-30, Opera House Block. Take Elevator. Bell 'Phone 333.
2-Tue Thu Sat 3-mo.

54
East Side Public Square, Barber Shop and Bath Rooms.
Hot, cold, Shower and vapor baths. Ladies and children hair cutting done to order.
A. G. LUTZ, Prop.

DR. DERBYSHIRE,
Physician and Surgeon.
Special attention given to diseases of the nose, throat and lungs. Office Cahill block, corner Main and spring streets. Entrance on Main street.
New 'Phone 656
20-sat-mon-tf

Dr. Artemas Blake Gray,
DENTIST.
211 Masonic Building.
LIMA, - - - OHIO.
Lima Telephone No. 509.

TO THE LADIES.
Now is the time to buy your tailor made suits, as I have just opened up a ladies' tailoring parlor in this city. I have selected all the latest novelties in quality and in style and all garments are made to measure in Lima by skillful workmen. I also do fine dress making. All suits will be sold at reduced prices beginning Jan. 8th until Feb. 28th. We guarantee all work and will save you money.
S. J. COX.
Room 31 Opera House Block, Lima, O. Take the Elevator.

Where To Locate?
WHY, IN THE TERRITORY TRAVERSED BY THE....
Louisville AND Nashville Railroad,
The Great Central Southern Trunk line
. IN .
KENTUCKY, TENNESSEE ALABAMA, MISSISSIPPI, FLORIDA,
WHERE
Farmers Fruit Growers, Stock Raisers, Manufacturers Investors, Speculators and Money Lenders
will find the greatest chances in the United States to make "big money" by reason of the abundance and cheapness of
LAND and FARMS, TIMBER and STONE, IRON and COAL, LABOR—EVERYTHING!
Free sites, financial assistance, and freedom from taxation, for the manufacturer.
Land and farms at $1.00 per acre and upwards and 500,000 acres in West Florida that can be taken gratis under U. S. Homestead laws.
Stockraising in the Gulf Coast District will make enormous profits.
Half fare excursions the first and third Tuesdays of each month.
Let us know what you want, and we will tell you where and how to get it—but don't delay, as the country is filling up rapidly.
Printed matter, maps and all information free. Address,
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CASH for acceptable ideas. State if patented. THE PATENT RECORD, Baltimore, Md. Subscription price of the Patent Record $1.00 per annum. Sample free.

COURT OF ARBITRATION

August Body Ready to Consider International Disputes.

WORLD'S HIGHEST TRIBUNAL.

List of Members of The Hague Tribunal Issued by the State Department—Members Have Been Appointed by Fifteen Nations, Embracing All the Maritime Powers.

The permanent court of arbitration provided for by the convention signed at The Hague on July 29, 1899, is now ready to consider any international dispute that may be presented. Easily the highest tribunal in the world, with the most numerous and eminent bench of any court ever projected, this single fruition of the czar's peace conference has just been completely organized for

CZAR OF RUSSIA.

business, and the state department officially issued the other day the very interesting roster of its membership, including its secretaries, writes the Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune. Fifteen nations, embracing all the maritime powers, have appointed their members, and only a few countries comparatively insignificant as international factors are unrepresented. These are Bulgaria, Montenegro, Persia, Siam and Switzerland.

The official roster is as follows:

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

His excellency Count Frederic Schonborn, LL. D., president of the imperial royal court of administrative justice, former Austrian minister of justice, member of the house of lords of the Austrian parliament, etc.

His excellency Mr. D. de Szilagyi, ex-minister of justice, member of the house of deputies of the Hungarian parliament.

Count Albert Apponyi, member of the chamber of magnates and of the chamber of deputies of the Hungarian parliament, etc.

Mr. Henri Lammasch, LL. D., member of the house of lords of the Austrian parliament, etc.

BELGIUM.

His excellency Mr. Beernaert, minister of state, member of the chamber of representatives, etc.

His excellency Baron Lambermont, minister of state, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary, secretary-general of the ministry of foreign affairs.

The Chevalier Descamps, senator.

Mr. Rolin Jacquemyns, ex-minister of the interior.

DENMARK.

Professor H. Matzen, LL. D., professor of the Copenhagen university, counselor extraordinary of the supreme court, president of the landsthing.

FRANCE.

M. Leon Bourgeois, deputy, ex-president of the cabinet council, ex-minister for foreign affairs.

M. de Laboulaye, ex-ambassador.

Baron Destournelles de Constant, minister plenipotentiary, deputy.

M. Louis Renault, minister plenipotentiary, professor in the faculty of law at Paris, law office of the department of foreign affairs.

GERMANY.

His excellency Mr. Bingner, LL. D., privy councilor, senate president of the imperial high court at Leipsic.

Mr. von Frantzius, privy councilor, solicitor of the department of foreign affairs at Berlin.

Mr. von Martitz, LL. D., associate justice of the superior court of administrative justice in Prussia, professor of law at the Berlin university.

Mr. von Bar, LL. D., judicial privy councilor, professor of law at the Gottingen university.

GREAT BRITAIN.

His excellency the Right Hon. Lord Pauncefote of Preston, G. C. B., G. C. M. G., privy councilor, ambassador at Washington.

The Right Hon. Sir Edward Baldwin Malet, ex-ambassador.

The Right Hon. Sir Edward Fry, member of the privy council, Q. C.

Professor John Westlake, LL. D., Q. C.

ITALY.

His excellency Count Constantin Nigra, senator of the kingdom, embassador at Vienna.

His excellency Commander Jean Baptiste Pagano Guarnaschelli, senator of the kingdom, first president of the court of cassation at Rome.

His excellency Count Tornielli Brusati di Vergano, senator of the kingdom, embassador at Paris.

Commander Joseph Zanardelli, attorney at law, deputy to the national parliament.

JAPAN.

Mr. I. Motono, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary at Brussels.

EX-PRESIDENT HARRISON.

[Chief American representative.]

Mr. H. Willard Denison, law officer of the minister for foreign affairs at Tokyo.

NETHERLANDS.

Mr. T. M. C. Asser, LL. D., member of the council of state, ex-professor of the University of Amsterdam.

Mr. F. B. Coninck Lietating, LL. D., president of the court of cassation.

Jonkheer A. F. de Savornin Lohman, LL. D., ex-minister of the interior, ex-professor of the Free University of Amsterdam, member of the lower house of the states general.

Jonkheer G. L. M. H. Ruis de Beerenbrouck, ex-minister of justice, commissioner of the queen in the province of Limbourg.

PORTUGAL.

Conut de Macedo, peer of the realm, ex-minister of marine and colonies, envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary at Madrid.

ROUMANIA.

Mr. Theodore Rosetti, senator, ex-president of the high court of cassation and justice.

Mr. Jean Kalindero, administrator of the crown domain, ex-judge of the high court of cassation and justice.

Mr. Eugene Statsco, ex-president of the senate, ex-minister of justice and foreign affairs.

Mr. Jean N. Lahovari, deputy, ex-envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary, ex-minister of foreign affairs.

RUSSIA.

Mr. N. V. Muravieff, minister of justice, active privy councilor, secretary of state of his majesty the emperor.

Mr. C. P. Pobedonostroff, attorney general of the most holy synod, active privy councilor, secretary of state of his majesty the emperor.

Mr. E. V. Frisch, president of the department of legislation of the imperial council, active privy councilor, secretary of state of his majesty the emperor.

Mr. de Martens, privy councilor, permanent member of the council of the ministry of foreign affairs.

SPAIN.

His excellency the Duke of Tetuan, ex-minister of foreign affairs, senator of the kingdom, grandee of Spain.

Mr. Bienvenide Oliver, director general of the ministry of justice, ex-delegate of Spain to the conference on private international law at The Hague.

Dr. Manuel Torres Campos, professor of international law at the University of Grenada, associate member of the institute of international law.

SWEDEN AND NORWAY.

Mr. S. R. D. K. d'Olivecrona, member of the International Law institute, ex-associate justice of the supreme court of the kingdom of Sweden, doctor of laws and letters at Stockholm.

Mr. G. Gram, ex-minister of state of Norway, governor of the province of Hemar, Norway.

UNITED STATES.

Mr. Benjamin Harrison, ex-president of the United States.

Mr. Melville W. Fuller, chief justice of the United States.

Mr. John W. Griggs, attorney general of the United States.

Mr. George Gray, United States circuit judge.

THE ADMINISTRATIVE COUNCIL.

The administrative council consists of the minister for foreign affairs of the Netherlands and the diplomatic representatives at The Hague of the ratifying powers.

Secretary-general, Mr. R. Melvil, Baron Van Leyden, judge of the district court of Utrecht and a member of the first chamber of the states general.

First secretary of the court, J. J. Rochussen.

Second secretary of the court, Jonkheer W. Roell.

GREAT DISCOVERY IN DAKOTA

Earth Which Is Found In but Few Places In America.

A new material will soon be placed among the rare things mined from the Black Hills. Fuller's earth is a valuable material, found in but few places in America. The finest quality is found in England, which is practically the world's supply. Recently a large deposit of this material has been found in the Black Hills, and it most closely resembles that found in England of any deposit in America, says the Boston Transcript.

The fuller's earth of the Black Hills contains from 60 to 75 per cent silica, with from 15 to 25 per cent water after being sun dried. The fuller's earth of the hills is generally found in shallow basins covered by a few feet of surface soil. Below this is a layer of plastic clay from 2 to 6 feet thick, and then layers of fuller's earth from 2 to 12 feet thick overlying a bed of sand. Fuller's earth is dug out and allowed to remain in the sun, where it undergoes a certain amount of bleaching, turning from a greenish color to a creamy white and losing about 50 per cent of its weight.

The United States produces a considerable amount of fuller's earth, something like 20,000 tons a year. The discovery of a superior grade of the earth in the Black Hills will mean, in a short time, the adding of another raw material to the already long list found in the hills.

Eastern parties are negotiating for the deposit of limestone, called by some alabaster, that has been found in Custer county. The stone is found in a 30 foot ledge, and when it is quarried it is soft enough to be cut into any shape desired. After being exposed to the air it becomes hard and takes a beautiful polish. The quarry is being opened by two Deadwood men.

Wilhelmina's First Love.

Although romantic writers have made much "copy" out of the Dutch queen's approaching marriage, it is well known at The Hague that Duke Heinrich is not the young man who originally caught the royal fancy of the young queen, says the New York Commercial Advertiser. The first favorite was Prince Adolf, Heinrich's elder brother and a very good looking young officer. "Willful Wilhelmina" smiled most amiably upon him, and in due time the proper authorities were commanded to sound the prince on the subject. But Adolf was coy and too fond of life and gayety to consent to become the consort of the imperious young person who rules over the most peaceful court in Europe. Adolf refused to be wooed, and it was an open secret at court that the queen's disappointment and chagrin were the cause of the prolonged delay in the announcement of her engagement to the younger brother. At the same time the good Hollanders tell each other, with much satisfaction, that Heinrich is beloved of Wilhelmina, or she would never, never wed him—not if a hundred ministers were to ask her to.

An Edible Bamboo Discovered.

A remarkable incident is officially reported from the central provinces of India, according to a London cable to the Chicago Tribune. Bamboos have been found yielding "manx" of a kind and quality hitherto unknown and have been of invaluable help to the famine stricken people. A government analysis revealed that it is a composition of saccharose, almost identical with cane sugar, the ingredients being sugar, 95.63; water, 2.66; ash, .96; glucose, .75. Expert officials and natives never heard of such a product of bamboo, and the natives regard the discovery as a special act of Providence.

Latest Style In Crowns.

Now that King Edward is on the throne what are they wearing in New York?—Indianapolis News.

CLERGYMAN SHOT

By the Husband of a Woman Who Told a Startling Tale.

New York, Feb. 4.—The Rev. John Keller, secretary to Rt. Rev. Bishop Starkey, pastor of Trinity Episcopal mission in Arlington, N. J., and chaplain of the First New Jersey regiment, was shot and seriously wounded by Thomas G. Barker in Arlington. One bullet went through the facial bone from the right side and destroyed the sight of the right eye, and another bullet shattered the fingers of the right hand. According to a story told by Barker to several friends after the shooting, his wife last night told him that the illness from which she has suffered for nearly a year, and which caused the Barkers to break up their home and go to boarding, was due to an assault committed on her at her home by the Rev. Mr. Keller.

Strike Denounced.

Castle Gate, Utah, Feb. 4.—At a mass meeting of the employes of the Pleasant Valley Coal company, a resolution was adopted denouncing the Salt Lake labor union boycott of the coal company and declaring they have not, nor do they now, mine coal to the detriment of coal miners in the state of Utah or elsewhere. They denounced the action of the miners now on strike at Scofield in refusing to grant the company three days' time for the consideration of the grievances of the men. It is believed that this action will terminate the strike at Scofield.

Girl Kidnaped.

St. Joseph, Mich., Feb. 4.—Vina Mills, 14, daughter of George A. Mills of Benton Harbor, was kidnaped from here Friday evening. It was supposed the divorced wife of Mills came from Chicago and took the child away, but telegraph messages and searching parties have failed to reveal her whereabouts. Mr. Mills had the custody of Vina, and as he is well to do, some think the child is held for ransom.

In Wisconsin.

Milwaukee, Feb. 4.—A blizzard from the northeast has been raging in this city. Streetcars are having a hard time and only a few cars are running on each line. The lines are kept open only by the constant running of the sweepers. The snow is drifting badly and the less important lines may be abandoned any time. The steam railroads also are hampered somewhat.

Double Suicide.

Fostoria, O., Feb. 4.—Mrs. Jacob Yochum, 50 and her son William, 19, were found dead in their bedrooms by the police. They had been missing for three days and investigation led to their dead bodies being found, with all evidence pointing to suicide by strychnine poisoning. Poverty is supposed to have made them despondent.

Quite a Fall.

Chicago, Feb. 4.—Six inches of snow on the level and drifts in many cases in the outlying districts piled as high as second story windows, is the condition in Chicago. The streetcar lines, with the exception of elevated roads, were the worst sufferers.

Memorial Services.

New York, Feb. 4.—Services in commemoration of Queen Victoria were held at the Church of Heavenly Rest under the auspices of the British Schools and Universities club of New York. Six thousand persons crowded into the edifice.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Prices For Feb. 2.

CHICAGO—Cattle: Good to prime steers, $5 10@6 00; poor to medium, $3 50@5 00; stockers and feeders, $3 00@4 00; cows, $2 05@4 25; heifers, $2 70@4 45; canners, $1 80@2 00; bulls, $2 75@4 25. Texas fed steers, $4 00@4 80; Texas grass steers, $3 30@4 00; Texas bulls, $2 50@3 65. Calves—$4 00@6 00. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, $5 15@5 32½; good to choice heavy, $5 25@5 35; rough heavy, $5 10@5 20; light, $5 15@5 30. Sheep and Lambs—Good to choice wethers, $3 25@4 50; fair to choice mixed, $3 50@4 00; western sheep, $3 90@4 50; Texas sheep, $2 50@3 50; native lambs, $4 35@5 35; western lambs, $5 00@5 35. Wheat—No. 2 red, 75½@76c. Corn—No. 2, 37½@37¾c. Oats—No. 2, 24¾c.

CLEVELAND—Cattle: Good to choice smooth dry fed 1,250 lb. steers and upwards, $4 75@5 00; good to choice smooth dry fed lighter steers, $4 40@4 65; green half fat steers 900 to 1,200 lb., $4 00@4 40; fair to extra cows, $3 00@3 75; bulls, $3 00@3 75. Calves—Fair to best, $6 50@7 75. Sheep and Lambs—Choice ewe and wether lambs, $5 60@5 70; fair to good lambs, $5 25@5 50; good wether sheep, $4 50@4 60; fair to choice yearlings, $4 25@4 75. Hogs—Yorkers and good pigs, $5 50; mediums and heavies, $5 40.

PITTSBURG—Cattle: Choice, $5 50@5 70; prime, $5 25@5 40; good, $4 75@5 00; tidy butchers, $4 40@4 70; heifers, $3 00@4 25; cows, bulls and stags, $2 50@4 00; fresh cows, $25@55. Sheep and Lambs—Choice, $4 60@4 75; good, $4 30@4 50; fair, $3 75@4 25; choice lambs, $5 65@5 80; common to good, $4 00@5 00. Hogs—Yorkers and pigs, $5 60@5 62½; mediums, $5 60; heavy hogs, $5 45@5 50.

BUFFALO—Cattle: Exporters, $4 25@5 60; shipping, $5 00@5 35; butchers, $4 25@4 75; cows and heifers, $3 50@4 50; stockers and feeders, $3 50@4 25; bulls, $3 25@4 25. Calves—$6 50@9 25. Sheep and Lambs—Best lambs, $5 90; fair to good, $5 60@5 75; culls, $4 50@5 00; mixed sheep, $4 50@5 00; wethers, $4 25@4 50; yearlings, $5 00@5 25. Hogs—Pigs and Yorkers, $5 70; mediums and heavy, $5 45.

NEW YORK—Cattle: Fair to choice steers, $4 95@5 50; bulls, $3 00@4 25; cows, $3 50. Calves—$5 00@8 50. Sheep and Lambs—Sheep, $3 00@4 50; lambs, $5 00@6 15; culls, $4 50. Hogs—$5 60@5 85. Wheat—No. 2 red, 81c. Corn—No. 2, 47c. Oats—No. 2, 30c.

CINCINNATI—Wheat: No. 2 red, 79c. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 39½c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 27@27½c. Rye—No. 2, 56c. Lard—$7 22½. Bulk Meats—$7 17½. Bacon—$8 25. Hogs—$4 00@5 35. Cattle—$2 25@4 75. Sheep—$1 75@4 25. Lambs—$3 75@5 65.

BOSTON—Wool—Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces: XX and XX above, 28c; delaine, 29c; No. 1 combing, 28@29c; No. 2 and ⅝ blood, 28@29c; ¼-blood washed, 27@28c; coarse and braid washed, 25@26c.

TOLEDO—Wheat, 79c; corn, 38½c; oats, 26½c; rye, 52½c; cloverseed, $6 15.

BALTIMORE—Butter: Fancy creamery, 23c. Eggs—Fresh, 20c.

COMING

The chief consulting and examining physician of the France Medical Institute Co., by request, will visit

. . LIMA . .

And can be consulted at their Private Rooms at the

Lima House, Tuesday, February 5.

From 10 a. m. to 8 p. m.

CONSULTATION FREE AND STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

THE FRANCE MEDICAL INSTITUTE, 38-40 West Gay St., Columbus, Ohio. One Block North of the State House.

Established 1888. Largest Practice and Most Complete Institute of its kind in U. S. Our record of wonderful cures is second to none. During the last 20 years we have successfully treated thousands of cases. Our practice extends not only throughout the United States, Canada, and Mexico, but also includes many foreign countries. Our long experience, remarkable skill, and universal success for the past 20 years in Ohio, entitle us to the full confidence of the afflicted. The celebrated France Treatment is acknowledged by many, including prominent physicians, as being the most complete and successful treatment known to the medical world, for diseases of men and women. **Wonderful Cures Effected** in old cases which have been unskillfully treated.

NO MONEY REQUIRED OF RESPONSIBLE PARTIES TO COMMENCE TREATMENT.

WHAT WE TREAT. We positively cure all curable diseases of the Stomach and Bowels, such as Dyspepsia, Constipation, Piles, Diarrhœa; Eye and Ear Diseases; Deformities and Surgical Diseases; Chronic and Desperate Rheumatic, Heart and Liver Diseases; Blood and Skin Diseases, such as Scrofula, Ulcers, Eczema, Pimples, Freckles, etc.; Female Diseases, especially those which have baffled the skill of other physicians. Epileptic Fits, Rupture permanently cured by a new, scientific method. Brain, Spinal and Nervous Diseases, Paralysis, Locomotor Ataxia, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Lumbago, Headache, Sleeplessness, Dizziness, Brain and Nervous Exhaustion, and Spinal Irritation. Cancer cured without the use of a knife. Kidney and Bladder Diseases, Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Inflammation of the Bladder, Enlarged Prostate, frequent and dribbling Urination, etc. Throat, Lung and Nasal Diseases, such as Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption, Deafness, etc., cured by our original system of home treatment.

It costs no more to employ an expert than to risk your life with an inexperienced physician.

THE FRANCE URETHRAL TREATMENT is a soluble, medicated Bougie for the cure of Stricture and all forms of Diseases of the Bladder, Urethra and Prostate Gland. The Bougies are inserted into the urethral canal upon retiring at night. They slip into position without the slightest effort, requiring a short time to dissolve, and act like a mild electric current, invigorating and imparting vim and snap to the entire body. The curative effect is felt from the first application.

Treatment by Correspondence. Each person applying for Medical Treatment should send by mail from two to four ounces of urine, which will receive a careful chemical and microscopical examination. We have cured thousands of cases we have never seen. Write for book or list of 100 questions. Correspondence, Consultation and Examination free and strictly confidential. No names published without the written consent of the patient. Treatment sent by mail or express to any part of the United States.

Call on or Address The France Medical Institute Co., 38 W. Gay St., Columbus, O.

RELIGIOUS THOUGHTS.

All the principles which religion teaches, and all the habits which it forms, are favorable to strength of mind. It will be found that whatever purifies, also fortifies the heart.—Blair.

Remember, your own soul must be illuminated before you can help others; the spring does not brim over with refreshing waters that has not a hidden source.—Light on the Hidden Way.

Religion is the fear and love of God; its demonstration is good works; and faith is the root of both, for without faith we cannot please God; nor can we fear and love what we do not believe.—Penn.

A religion that never suffices to govern a man will never suffice to save him. That which does not distinguish him from a sinful world will never distinguish him from a perishing world.—John Howe.

The true law of every life, the only law of life, is consecration. Consecration is going out into the world where God Almighty is, and using every power to his glory. It is simply dedicating one's life, its whole flow, to his service.—J. F. W. Ware.

The good work of the world is done either in pure and unvexed instinct of duty; or else, and better, it is cheerful and helpful doing of what the hand finds to do, in surety that at the evening time whatsoever is right the Master will give.—John Ruskin.

The child of God does not look backward to gain fresh energy. His energy is the energy of hope and not of retrospection. He presses forward; his glance is ever onward. He anticipates revelations of God ever more and more glorious.—Stopford A. Brooke.

Naval Officer's Graphic Report.

Difficulties attending the completion of the government ice plant at Agana, island of Guam, are graphically set forth in a recent report sent to the navy department, and the fact that something less than two months was occupied in the work of installation speaks well for the skill of the artisans and for the perseverance of the officer charged with that duty. The ice plant has been an unqualified success, and to the natives, who have never seen ice before, the output seems near akin to miraculous. Gov. Schroeder is much pleased with the working of the "factory," and the medical officers on duty at Guam have already inaugurated the practice of "prescribing" ice for fever patients under their care.

Consumption?
No fear of it, if you use
DR. JAMES' CHERRY TAR SYRUP.
Pleasant to take—Prompt in results.
At drug stores.
25 cents a bottle.

Burial of a Nurse.

With all the honors of a military funeral Dorothy Helen Cochrane of Howard Lake, Minn., who was a nurse in the Philippines, was laid away in the little cemetery at Jaro, P. I., with the dead soldiers. Dengue fever, a mild form of yellow fever, carried her off. At the funeral every officer of the Twenty-sixth volunteers and every enlisted man that could be spared from his duties was present. The men asked permission to march in the cortege "just to show their respect for the lady nurse." The chief officer of the hospital and the doctors were the pallbearers. The body was wrapped in the Stars and Stripes, and at the close of a stormy day it was laid away amid the gloom. A platoon fired three volleys over the grave and the infantry bugles wailed out "taps," the soldiers' farewell to earth. The regimental band played "Abide With Me," and the brave young girl was left alone with those for whom she had labored in vain.—New York Press.

HAD TO CONQUER OR DIE.

"I was just about gone," writes Mrs. Rosa Richardson, of Laurel Springs, N. C., "I had consumption so bad that the best doctors said I could not live more than a month, but I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery and was wholly cured by seven bottles and am now stout and well. It's an unrivaled life-saver in consumption, pneumonia, la grippe and bronchitis; infallible for coughs, colds, asthma, hay fever, croup or whooping cough. Guaranteed bottles 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles free at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store, cor. Main and North sts.

Lawmaker and Subtreasurer.

Campbell P. Berry, a pioneer of California, died at his home in Wheatland, Cal., recently. He had served as speaker of the lower branch of the California legislature, had represented the Second California district in Congress, and was sub treasurer in San Francisco for four years.

Church Board Fixes Penalty.

Several members of a church in Kutztown, Pa., having fallen far behind with their fair dues, the board of trustees has decided that in future the bell shall not be tolled for a funeral in any family which has not paid up its indebtedness and a year in advance besides.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Sketch of Lord Avonmore.

Lord Avonmore, who has been for some time a captain in the Dublin City Artillery, has accepted service with the West African frontier force. He is now 34. He succeeded to the peerage on the death of his brother 15 years ago. He married in 1890 a daughter of Mr. George Evans of Dungannon.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

Organ of the Democracy of Lima and Allen County.

Issued Every Evening Except Sunday.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL'G CO.

ALL THE NEWS.

THE SUPERIOR TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE OF THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT IS DUE TO THE FACT THAT THIS PAPER PUBLISHES THE DISPATCHES OF EVERY PRESS ASSOCIATION COVERING THIS FIELD TO WIT: THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, THE SCRIPPS-McRAE PRESS ASSOCIATION AND THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION. FOR ALL THE CABLE AND TELEGRAPHIC NEWS UP TO 3 P. M. EVERY DAY, READ THE DAILY TIMES-DEMOCRAT, AND GET ALL THE NEWS SENT OUT BY THESE NEWS-COLLECTING AGENCIES.

OFFICE—TIMES BUILDING,
No. 221 North Main Street, Lima, O.
TELEPHONE CALL, No. 84.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

REPRESENTATIVE.

We are authorized to announce the name of J. W. MANGES, of Richland township, as a candidate for Representative from Allen county, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of H. H. ROUSH, of Bath township, as a candidate for Representative from Allen County, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce the name of J. A. STATES, of Monroe township, as a candidate for nomination for Sheriff of Allen county, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of E. J. BARR, as a candidate for nomination for Sheriff of Allen county, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of M. SUMMERS, JR., of Marion township as a candidate for nomination for Sheriff of Allen county, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of JACOB KISSEL, as a candidate for nomination for Sheriff of Allen county, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

INFIRMARY DIRECTOR.

We are authorized to announce the name of CHARLES GOBLE, of Richland township, as a candidate for Infirmary Director, of Allen county subject to the decision of the Democracy of Allen county, at the primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of W. L. BECHTOL, of German township as a candidate for Infirmary Director of Allen County subject to the decision of the Democracy of Allen county, at the primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of W. E. GRUBB, of Lima, as a candidate for Infirmary Director, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their Primary Election.

COUNTY COMMISSIONER

We are authorized to announce the name of S. H. ARNOLD, of Jackson township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of DAVID STEPLETON, of Shawnee township, as a candidate for Commissioner of Allen county, subject to the decision of the Democracy of Allen county at the primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of ALBERT HEFNER, of Perry township, as a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democracy of Allen county at the primary election.

CORONOR.

We are authorized to announce the name of DR. ANDREW BICE, of Lima, as a candidate for nomination for Coronor of Allen county subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

We are authorized to announce the name of DR. T. M. JOHNSTON, of Lima, as a candidate for nomination for Coronor of Allen county subject to the decision of the Democracy at their primary election.

FINANCIAL PROMOTERS.

A development of the last quarter of the nineteenth century, the financial promoter, looms up today as the *deus ex machina* on the speculative horizon, and to those who have trusted in him, both here and in England, a very machine-made sort of financial god he has almost invariably turned out to be. Rigid as stone and as insensible as wood, he calmly fronts his outwitted followers with eyes that see not the set, white faces of his deluded dupes, and ears that hear not the bitter curses of his swindled and ruined victims. He is generally a well educated, middle-aged man, self-evolved, and an outgrowth of either some manufacturing or business, law firm, banking house, stock or grain broker's office, or railway management, which in his eagerness to rapidly accumulate wealth, he has thrown over as too slow for his purpose. Abandoning honest and legitimate means of accumulating a competency, he turns his whole mind and executive ability—usually, too, of a first-class order—to seeking a short cut to fortune at the expense of innocent investors and thoughtless speculators. He has not the shadow of a financial conscience, is utterly unscrupulous as to the means he employs to accomplish his ends, so that he can escape criminal prosecution, and bland, affable, courteous, and self-confident, he generally manages to swindle the entire community, from beggars to bankers, with a debonair unctuousness, the very recollection of which in later days, after the utter collapse of his schemes, is fairly startling from its impudent audacity. During the last fifteen years he has been a power in Wall street, and a big factor in the New York Stock Exchange, and today he looms up in a way that bodes financial disaster in the near future.

The people of western commonwealths, more especially those who follow the calling of cattle and sheep raising, will be highly entertained by a resolution adopted in New England censuring Gov. Roosevelt for needlessly killing the "innocent and unoffending animals" of the Rockies. This resolution was adopted by the Forum Society of Phillips: "Resolved, That we, the members of the society of the Forum, do hereby condemn the spirit manifested by the Hon. Theodore Roosevelt in ruthlessly taking the lives of innocent and unoffending animals without provocation, and with the sole aim of gratifying a desire for killing, which we do not believe to be compatible with a truly manly and Christian character." Most states offer bounties for the killing of wild animals of the kind that the vice president-elect has been hunting. The facts are that Roosevelt has not killed any wild animals, and the papers are making all sorts of fun of him because of the total failure of his hunt.

We confess to our first feeling of sympathy for W. J. Bryan. He has issued but one number of The Commoner, but has already been hopped upon for a mistake. He made some reference to Francis Drake, who wrote "The American Flag." Francis Drake had a great deal to do 300 years ago in sinking the navies of France and Spain, but it was "Joseph Rodman Drake who wrote "The American Flag." A few more blunders like that in The Commoner, and we will grow positively fond of Mr. Bryan.—Atchison Globe.

There is a remarkable article in The Atlantic for February, entitled "The Confessions of a Minister's Wife." The writer, who is evidently genuine, confesses every charge made against the church by unbelievers, although such is not her intention. It is a remarkable contribution to church literature.

The photographic display in connection with the change of monarchs in England, develops that there isn't a good looking one in the crowd. When cousins and kin marry, the result is the same in royalty as among the poor.

A Senatorial "Round Up."

The New Senate Whip—Just watch me drive those fellows in and make them vote for this bill.

A MARITIME OLD LADY'S HOME.

The Ship Subsidy Bill's Influence In Keeping Old Ships Afloat.

If further proof were needed that the object of these subsidy bills is not to secure new or better or faster shipping, but to enrich the gentlemen who own the vessels to fit which the bill was drawn, it would be furnished by United States Shipping Commissioner Chamberlain's statement on page 193 of his report for 1900:

"Of the foreign built steamships eligible six, with a gross tonnage of 22,288, which would have earned $105,675 and $114,320 under the senate and house bills respectively, were built prior to 1881. Thirty-five American steam vessels of 60,180 tons, entitled to $276,844 under the senate bill and $275,548 under the house bill, were built before 1881. *The total subsidy proposed to be paid to vessels built before 1881 is thus under the senate bill $335,410 and under the house bill $359,866.*"

That is to say, some $400,000 is to be paid by the government to keep afloat shipping already more than 20 years old and which by every rule of maritime accounting has already been charged off to profit and loss. Indeed the International itself, as soon as the Paris is again in commission, would draw $750,000 on ships 12 and 13 years old respectively.

While Mr. Chamberlain was on this subject he might have added greatly to the interest of his report, for the fact is that as nearly as may be one-half the entire subsidy which would be paid for years to come on vessels now more than ten years old, including solace given the worm eaten years of such vessels as the following whose names, date of building and age are tabulated:

	Built.	Years old.
Centennial	1859	42
Clinton	1863	38
Magan	1865	36
Piazzali	1867	34
Victoria	1870	31
Takoma	1870	31
Navada	1870	31
Dais	1871	30
Whitney	1871	30
Beuna Ventura	1871	30

and at the start on the Pacific coast one-third of the entire subsidy would be paid to vessels now more than 20 years old, three-fourths to those 15 or more years old and nine-twentieths to those more than 10 years old.

Could there be a more effective plan for making old vessels profitable (to their owners) and to that extent discouraging the building of new ones?

If a ship is a "she," as every chivalrous tar will allow, the Hanna-Frye-Payne bill might appropriately be termed "An act to establish a maritime old lady's home."

A Senatorial Hold Up.

SUBSTITUTES FOR SHIP SUBSIDIES.

The North American Review for January contains an article by Mr. Louis Windmuller of New York, entitled "Substitutes For Ship Subsidies." Mr. Windmuller approves the avowed objects of the ship subsidy bill, but emphatically disapproves of the bill itself, claiming that in its present shape it will fail to accomplish them. "The subsidies for which it provides," he states, "would chiefly accrue, for some time to come, to American lines which cross the Atlantic and Pacific for the purpose of carrying passengers and expensive freight. What the country really needs is carriage at reasonable rates for the immense yield of our agriculture and for the bulky products of our mines." This is precisely the purpose for which the pending subsidy bill does not provide.

"We might try the experiment," suggests Mr. Windmuller, "of allowing our merchants to buy ships where they can get them on the most favorable terms and offer them American registers on condition that they engage in transportation of our foreign commerce, when conducted by officers trained in a United States naval reserve. The privilege of sailing foreign built ships, commanded by American officers under our flag, would lead toward a modification of our antiquated, whilom British, navigation laws. These statutes, by which British shipping had been protected since Cromwell's time, were practically abandoned by England in 1849, while we were her formidable rival. British merchants were then permitted to buy our ships and sail them under their own flag, while engaged in foreign commerce. All other American nations have followed this example except the United States, and the merchant marine of all other nations has increased while our own has during that time diminished. One of the consequences has been that American vessels, who have found it to be for their interest to buy English steamers, actually sail them under the British flag—thus adding to the power and prestige of that country instead of their own. Germany, since Bismarck's time the most ardent advocate of protection, has no reason to regret that she upholds free trade in ships. The steam tonnage of her merchant marine has increased 1,000 per cent. in 29 years, and Stettin has begun to rival Glasgow in furnishing ships for the world's trade."

JAIL

Birds Have Their Trials Set.

Few are Guilty

Of the Crimes Supported by Indictments

And Court Selects the Attorneys Who Will Endeavor to Acquit Them.

Criminal Term Will Extend Into First Week in March—Rush Will be the First One to Appear.

The court had a session with the prisoners this morning and assigned their trials which will extend into the first week of March. The first one on the list of those indicted is Charles Rush, who will be brought before the bar of justice, Monday, February 18th. Rush is the fellow who broke into Dr. Rudy's house at Harrod and chloroformed his daughter with the intention it is supposed to commit a burglary. Rush is not a new man at the business and although he is indicted for burglary, it is the intention of the prosecuting attorney to convict him, if possible, on the habitual criminal act. It is the first instance of the kind in the criminal anuals of Allen county, and will naturally create an added interest. Attorney Hutchinson has been appointed to defend the accused.

Charles Burns, the man who took a rig from Aaron Fisher's barn, belonging to Albert Heffner, will answer to the charge of horse stealing. He pleaded not guilty and his trial will follow that of Rush on the 19th of February, defended by Attorney Lippencott.

"Gertrude" Alexander, the colored musician, who, in a scrimmage, took out a piece of his companion's upper lip, with his teeth, will come before the jury on February 20th. Fields, the man assaulted, has consented to have a piece taken out of his arm and grafted on his lip. Welty & Downing will defend Alexander.

Ed. Shultz, who, with August Young, was indicted for breaking into Broker's clothing store, will be defended by Attorney J. D. Armstrong, the date of the hearing being set for February 21.

John Crowder, defended by Motter & Mackenzie, will be tried on an indictment for perjury, February 25.

Jessie Day, one of the colored lads accused of the Columbia shoe store burglary, will get a seperate trial. His hearing will be on the 25th of February and Hon. H. S. Propnet was appointed by the court to defend him.

Feb. 27th. is the date set for the trial of Fredrick Hutchinson, indicted for assaulting and robbing the Syrian pedler on the highway.

J. H. Hays, bound over for breaking into a C. H. & D. car will be tried on February 28. He will be defended by Dayton attorneys.

Friday, March 1, has been set for a general clearing up of criminal offenses, the cases of Joe Moss, Kate Lipfert and Clark Nonnamaker all being set for that day. The former was mixed up in the riot on the public square, when an attempt was made to prevent his brother's arrest and the last two will have to answer to stealing gas from the local company.

FIRST TO GO.

The first of the prisoners to be sentenced, is Isaac Myers, who plead-ed guilty Saturday afternoon to having assaulted Wm. Cofill. He was given a term of 30 days in the work house by Judge Cunningham.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

James Weaver, aged 29, a laborer, of Beaver Dam, and Marie Keiffer, aged 25, of Wyandot county.

Wm. H. Bowers, aged 26, a locomotive fireman, and Florence A. Winegardner, aged 23, of Waynesfield.

Charlie C. Smith, aged 22, and Flora D. Shade, aged 22, of West Minister.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Lee Seinsheimer to Kate Ross, lot No. 211 in Clifton, $150.

Abe Wise to Joseph C. Harrod, lots No. 447 and 448 in Bluffton, $2.50.

The engineer's report on the Peters ditch was heard Saturday and approved.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT GIVES ITS READERS THE NEWS EACH EVENING WHILE IT IS FRESH. THE "TRAILER" GIVES IT NEXT DAY, WHEN IT HAS BECOME STALE.

CHAMP CLARK'S LETTER

A Bull In the Republican China Shop.

PINGREE ON THE RAMPAGE.

Tells of the Woeful Plight of the Common People.

MAKES A STARTLING PREDICTION.

Says the Present System of Inequality Will Precipitate a Revolution. Senator Chandler Gets His Quietus—Ship Subsidy Steal Lambasted. Hanna's Scheme For an Extra Session—A Question That Might Arise as to Presidential Succession—A Bright Young Man From North Carolina—The Election of Quay.

[Special Washington Letter.]

A bull in a china shop would be regarded by the average machine Republican as an amiable companion when compared with Hon. Hazen S. Pingree, late Republican governor of Michigan. Whatever else may be said of Pingree, he cannot be charged truthfully with a lack of courage or frankness. In his farewell message he took a parting shot at his enemies, as follows: "My experience during my political life, extending over a period of 12 years, has convinced me that in order to secure the full commendation of those who consider themselves 'the better classes' the governor and other high officials must do nothing to antagonize the great corporations and the wealthy people." If that be true, we have indeed been brought to a woeful plight by Republican maladministration.

Then Governor Pingree says: "I make the prediction that unless those in charge, and in whose hands legislation is reposed, do not change the present system of inequality in less than a quarter of a century there will be a bloody revolution in this great country of ours." Of course for making that startling prediction the Michigander has received a terrible lashing at the hands of the Republican press. He has been denounced as crank, demagogue, blatherskite, etc., but nevertheless the fact remains that he is a Republican of high degree and that his prophecy stands. Any Republican who has a good word for what Abraham Lincoln affectionately denominated "the plain people" is cocksure to be severely castigated by Republican papers. It goes without saying that no man of sense of any party desires the revolution predicted by Pingree, but many men—good men at that, and not alarmists—agree with the Michigan ex-governor that such a catastrophe is impending unless things change.

William E. Chandler.

If Hon. William Eaton Chandler, senior senator, and soon to have the right to prefix the hateful "ex" to his title, will place to the ground his auricular appendage—which Joe Blackburn of Kentucky pulled on a certain historic occasion—he will hear a hoarse and triumphant hoot out among the mountains of Montana. Whatever people may conclude as to Senator William A. Clark's election, nobody at all acquainted with Chandler's political antecedents can for one moment believe that his conduct touching Clark's case was the result of any high and patriotic motive, for it can never be forgotten that Chandler was the prime mover, the original instigator in the most colossal crime ever committed against human liberty—the theft of the presidency in 1876.

It is written that the leopard cannot change his spots or the Ethiopian his skin, nor is it at all probable that the New Hampshire senator was animated in the Clark contest by any loftier purpose than to secure his own re-election. At the same time it must be confessed that he served a useful purpose in the senate and contributed largely to the gayety of nations by waking up the conscript fathers when they became too sleepy. He is mischievous as a monkey, sly as Major Joe Bagstock, nimble as a cricket, smart as a whip and delighted to worry such solemn and dignified personages as Senator Hoar and to set them by the ears. First and last, William Eaton has managed to extract a vast deal of pleasure from his 14 years' service in the senate. Nevertheless it is a strange coincidence, illustrative of the vicissitudes of political life, that the stroke of 12 high noon, March 4, which marks his exit, perhaps and most likely his final exit, from the senate will also mark the reappearance in that body of Senator William A. Clark of Montana and Senator Joe Blackburn of Kentucky. If Samuel J. Tilden knows what is happening here, he will be happy at that hour.

Warning to the G. O. P.

The Petroleum Gazette, "an independent oil and gas journal," as it describes itself, and really with a decided bias for Republican principles and schemes, can't stomach the Hanna-Payne ship subsidy job and prints these great headlines, which must cause the junior senator from Ohio to wince: "The Delusive Ship Subsidy Bill; Overfed Snake Is Coiled Within Its Complicated Folds; How the Scheme Would Work; Oil Men Are Particularly Interested In the Defeat of This Iniquitous Measure." Then through column after column it pours a broadside into this latest and most stupendous scheme to loot the treasury—a scheme of public plunder utterly unjustifiable as either a business or a moral proposition—which will take $180,000,000 of the people's money and give it to a few greedy speculators. Further along The Petroleum Gazette sounds this clear and unmistakable warning to Republicans:

Some of the Washington dispatches have indicated the desire and purpose of a few Republicans peculiarly interested in the ship subsidy bill to attempt to give it the force of a party measure and thus push it through. The Republican party has never advocated in any platform or convention such a subsidy measure as the one for which it is attempted now to make it responsible and for which it certainly would become responsible if the bill were permitted to pass. In fitting expression of the sentiments of the rank and file of the party the Republican conventions and platforms have spoken in favor of stimulating the growth of the American merchant marine, but the present bill is worse than a travesty as to being in accord with those sentiments. It were better named a bill to check than to promote American shipping and foreign commerce. The many millions of dollars it would bestow on those neither needing nor deserving it were better locked up or even destroyed, for then they could not be applied, as they could be under the operation of this bill, to curb what might otherwise be the healthful and rapid growth of American shipping and commerce, a continuance and improvement of the conditions summed up by McKinley. In view of the conditions which have been described thus by the president it is an open question whether the mass of the Republicans of the country favor the passage of a subsidy law now on any conditions whatsoever, much less the passage of such a subterfuge and imposition as the one now under consideration. They need but to become informed, as they will, of the rottenness of this measure to place the responsibility where it belongs if the bill becomes a law. As to the Republicans identified with the oil business let not the mistake be made at Washington of underestimating the number of them. Let it not be forgotten that the oil regions are no longer limited to a little area, but now are included and growing in a dozen states. If those intrusted at Washington with the carrying out of Republican policies so betray the trust as to permit the passage of this obnoxious bill it will bring speedy and general reproach both upon them and upon the party and will cost them dearly. Through its representatives at Washington it is the duty of the Republican party to defeat this bill. The Republican majority in congress is ample to do this, and if it is not done there can be no shifting of the responsibility.

Mark Hanna's Cunning.

Some time ago, when it was announced that Senators Richard Franklin Pettigrew, William Vincent Allen and Marion Butler had formed an alliance, offensive and defensive, to fight the subsidy bill to the death, it was whispered about Washington that Senator Hanna had threatened to have an extra session of congress called if his pet bill was killed by the trio aforesaid or by anybody else at this session. In reply to that it was said that no administration would dare to call an extra session for the sole purpose of passing a ship subsidy bill. Now it is hinted that in order to avoid that unpleasant and hazardous situation and at the same time to force an extra session of the next congress in the spring (so that it may be as far ahead of the next election as possible, in order to let people forget), Senator Hanna is now so engineering things in the senate that some of the necessary great bills will fail, and that the extra session will be called ostensibly to pass them, but really to pass his ship subsidy bill. There's cunning for you, also strategy. The proponents of the bill are afraid to pass it at the regular long session because it is too close to the next election. See?

Presidential Succession.

The sickness of President McKinley has been regarded with unfeigned and widespread uneasiness for two reasons. First, because he is a most amiable man, personally very popular, not only with Republicans, but also with Democrats. This is the simple, unvarnished truth. Second, because his death at this particular juncture would leave things touching the presidential succession in a fearful muddle. Mr. McKinley is not president for the term for which he was elected according to the general idea on the 6th of November, to which he was really elected by the presidential electors on Monday, Jan. 14. He doesn't begin that term till March 4. Consequently Colonel Roosevelt is not vice president till March 4. He must become vice president before he could be president, and there must be a vacancy in the office in order to enable him to succeed; but were Mr. McKinley to die prior to March 4 Colonel John Hay, secretary of state, would become president and on March 4 would be filling a term of his own whose duration is fixed by law. So that things would be in a tangle sufficiently intricate to puzzle the wisest.

It is passing strange that congress has never made provision for such a contingency. I have no doubt that in the event of Mr. McKinley's death, of which there is no immediate prospect, as he is rapidly recovering, that which would happen would be this: Colonel Hay would serve as president until Colonel Roosevelt is sworn in as vice president on March 4 and would then resign, whereupon Colonel Roosevelt would be sworn in as president. In this way everything would be amicably arranged in this particular instance, and everybody would acquiesce in this plan for carrying out the will of the people as expressed at the polls last November, though nobody would be certain that Roosevelt would have a legal title. But, to suppose a case, suppose that a Democratic president were now in and Mr. McKinley, the president elect, were not president now and a Democrat serving as secretary of state. If Mr. McKinley, the president elect and the Democratic president should both die and the secretary of state who succeeded should deem it his duty to hold on as long as he could, or suppose, instead of the amiable Colonel John Hay, some Republican were secretary of state who was avaricious of power or who didn't deem Colonel Roosevelt fit for the presidency and should succeed to the presidency by reason of the death of his chief, then what would happen on March 4 and who would be president after the 4th of March? I submit this question to those who are fond of solving such problems and have the leisure for indulging in such luxuries, which I have not.

Really, in the events referred to the presidential succession would be as puzzling as the relationship of children born to a father and his son by the marriage of the son to a widow and of the father to the widow's daughter, a mathematical problem for which no one has ever been able to give a satisfactory solution.

Civil war and revolution have frequently hinged on muddles much less important than this question of succession, and it seems to me the imperative duty of the next congress to pass a law to clear up these muddles or any others that may arise in the presidential succession.

Congressman Kitchin.

Coming to congress seems to be a confirmed habit with the Kitchin family of North Carolina. What's more, they make tiptop congressmen after they get here. One of the oldest and brightest young Democrats in the house is William W. Kitchin of the old Tar Heel State. He is handsome, capable, industrious, vigilant and is universally recognized as a growing man. His father was a distinguished representative in congress. In the next congress W. W. Kitchin will sit beside one of his own brothers, also a representative from North Carolina. The other day on the apportionment bill Judge Linney, a Confederate soldier elected as a Republican, made an entertaining but very bitter speech about the recent doings of North Carolina Democrats. Kitchin replied with a great deal of vigor and courage. He didn't dodge, beat about the bush or whip the devil about the stump. He took the bull by the horns and made a speech which the Democrats applauded to the echo and with which many sensible Republicans sympathized. In replying to Judge Linney he said inter alia:

He might have told you that the [illegible] that thrills the white man in North Carolina thrills the white man in Indiana, where [illegible] white mobs lynched two negroes for [illegible] a white barber. He might have told [illegible] spirit that thrills the white man in North Carolina is the same that thrills him in [illegible] the home of the gentleman who is [illegible] investigate these matters.

He might have gone to Illinois and [illegible] wherever the white man looks [illegible] the spirit of superiority and progress [illegible] him. He would have told you that [illegible] graceful and shameful regime [illegible] people by the Republican party [illegible] did rise in their might and hurl them [illegible] The gentleman wants to know if [illegible] Was the election conducted fairly? [illegible] the light of a sound philosophy, [illegible] civilization and justice, it was fairer [illegible] than the disgraceful regime that [illegible] lation necessary.

The white people there have it [illegible] such people would do in any community.

New Senator From Colorado.

The election of the Hon. Thomas Patterson of Colorado to the United States senate adds an unusually strong man to that body. It is rare indeed that three men of the intellectual strength of Tom Patterson, Governor Thomas and ex-Governor Adams compete with each other for the same seat among the conscript fathers. It is really a pity that all three of them could not be elected. Patterson has for a quarter of a century been ranked as one of the foremost lawyers of the western country. For 10 or 12 years he has also been editor of The Rocky Mountain News, the leading anti-Republican morning paper of that whole section of country. He is in the very prime of his mental and physical powers and will take high rank in the less numerous branch of the national legislature. He is an orator of unusual force and fire. I have had profound admiration for the man ever since I heard him deliver a magnificent speech in the Democratic national convention in 1888, putting his friend, General John C. Black, in nomination for the vice presidency. Though it was a foregone conclusion that the old Roman, Allen G. Thurman, would be nominated, Patterson's magnificent speech demonstrated not only his extraordinary capacity, but his unwavering fidelity to his friend. He takes the place of one of the most brilliant men now in the senate and will easily uphold the prestige of his state. Patterson, Fred T. Dubois, Bailey and Carmack will make a great quartet.

Matt Quay.

The election of the Hon. Matthew Stanley Quay to fill out his own unexpired term was hailed in Washington with hilarous delight on the one hand and a decidely mullagrubish feeling on the other. The insurgents, or the Wanamakerites, immediately went into the cave of Adullam, where they will probably say many things not fit to set down in any "polite letter writer" intended for use as a textbook in boarding schools for young ladies. Altogether it has been a most astounding fight, both for Quay and against him. All who know him personally attribute to him two qualities that do great credit to his head and heart. The universal testimony is that he never loses an opportunity to do a kindness to a human being when it is in his power, and that he stands by his friends with unshaken fidelity. Democrats remember that he was largely instrumental in defeating the force bill, but if one-half of the charges about corruption that are in the air are true, or even one tithe of them, Senator William Eaton Chandler of New Hampshire, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections, couldn't spend the few days of senatorial life which remain to him in a more useful and patriotic manner than by instituting an investigation into the ways and means used to encompass the election of Senator Quay, and into the condition of Pennsylvania politics and morals in general. I have no doubt that Brother Wanamaker would cheerfully load Brother Chandler to the guards with a superabundance of evidence so odoriferous that it would compel the employees of a soap factory to hold their noses to keep from fainting.

Champ Clark

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

MORE

Changes on Clover Leaf.

It Looks Good

For Delphos and the Long Idle Shops,

As the New Master Mechcanic is Assigned to Headquarters There.

The Pennsylvania Had a Smash Up at Elida Early Sunday Morning Which Interferred With Traffic.

Delphos has prospered considerably on account of the reconstruction of the Clover Leaf railroad, and there is now some stir and life about the old shops that have been lying idle so long. What is taken as an even better indication is the appointment which went into effect Saturday, making W. O. Thompson, who has been in the service of the company but a short time, master mechanic of the Toledo division, with headquarters at Delphos. Where there is to be a master mechanic located it cannot but mean plenty of work for experienced shop men, and Delphos will reap the benefits.

Mr. Thompson, who was injured in the Warren wreck recently, held the position of road foreman of engines, but this office has been abolished. Another appointment is Edward Elden as master machanic of the St. Louis division with headquarters at Charleston.

GOOD FOR DELPHOS.

Ira Bellows, the new central passenger agent of the C. H. & D., at Cincinnati, will visit at points along the line this week and held a conference with District Passenger Agent Williamson, at Toledo. Mr. Bellows has just taken his position, having formerly been city passenger agent for the Cincinnati Northern in Cincinnati.

WHICH CREW CALLED TO ELIDA.

The Pennsylvania had a blockade of traffic early Saturday morning owing to an accident at Elida which caused two coal cars to leave the track and make it impossible for east-bound trains to get by. The Pittsburg special, which is due here at 1.25, was held two hours, and it was necessary to send for the Fort Wayne wrecking crew in order to clear the way.

WILL REBUILD ELEVATOR.

Information from an unofficial source has reached Toledo, says the Bee, that the recent trip of the C., H. & D. officers to this city has borne fruit and that the contemplated elevator will be constructed on the site of elevator which recently burned. The C. H. & D. people are said to realize the amount of business which is being lost by not having an elevator in the city and although the expense attached to the construction of the building will be very large, the railroad company feels that it will be amply repaid. The present site of the old building is an ideal one for an elevator, convenient to both railroads and steamships. The debris of the burned building has been removed and everything is in readiness for the start. The establishment of an elevator at Toledo would prove most beneficial to the C., H. & D., besides greatly aiding the work of the C., H. & D. officials in this city.

NOTES.

Bellermaker George Boyle, from near Clifton Forge, Va., was in the city Thursday. He went from here to Lima, where his wife is visiting her parents.—Huntington, Ind., News-Democrat.

The January number of the C., H. & D. monthly magazine shows a very noticeable improvement, both in make up and the matter it contains. An excellent likeness of President Woodford, in half-tone takes up the title page.

The announcement that the Northern Ohio railroad shops at Akron are to be removed to Indianapolis where the L. E. & W. has purchased 48 acres of grounds for shop purposes, is going the rounds of the press. It will not take many freight trains to haul the Akron shops equipment for all the road has there is a pair of jacks, a "dope monkey" and a few journal brasses.

Heck's Metropolitan Players, a company of fourteen people, booked for a week's engagement at the Faurot opera house came in from St. Marys last night over the L. E. & W. They open tonight with "Aileen Maroon.

George Brammer, traveling engineer for the Lima Locomotive & Machine Co., who recently returned from England, where he delivered and set up one of the Shay locomotives from the Lima shop, leaves tonight to deliver an engine to a Porto Rican railway company.

COURT'S DECISION

Awaited by Both Parties to the Prize Fight Controversy.

Cincinnati, Feb. 4.—There has been more anxiety than training at the headquarters of Jeffries, Ruhlin, Martin and Childs. It is now known to all the promoters of the fight that Governor Nash has not only given his ultimatum to the Saengerfest Athletic club and over 1,000 petitioners from the business circles of Cincinnati, but he has also given instructions to Prosecuting Attorney Hoffheimer and Sheriff Taylor. The latter received a long letter from the governor in which his excellency directs Sheriff Taylor to swear in any number of deputies and exercise his fullest power to prevent the fight, and in the event of the sheriff needing assistance Governor Nash pledges him the full power of the state.

The police commissioners of Cincinnati are appointed by the governor and not by the mayor, and it is conceded that the wishes of the governor would be followed by this commission in orders to the entire police force. At the same time the relations between Governor Nash and Mayor Fleischmann are most friendly. The Saengerfest Athletic association will take no action in the case until the application for an injunction is heard before Judge Hollister on Tuesday.

Sick From Eating Pork.

Pittsburg, Feb. 4. — As a result of eating pork that is supposed to have been "doctored" with some sort of preservative, a whole family was poisoned. Mrs. Anne Fox is dead and Mrs. Ellen Cuddy, a widowed daughter of Mrs. Fox; Ella McCartney, a granddaughter; Thomas Cuddy, a grandson; James T. Fox, a son, and Harry M. Fox, a son of James Fox, are seriously ill. The family all ate of spareribs for supper, and within a short time afterward all were writhing in agony.

Blown to Shreds.

Indianapolis, Feb. 4.—By an explosion of 760 quarts of nitroglycerin at the magaine of the Gas Belt Torpedo company, four miles northeast of Alexandria, Perry Fort, a carrier for the company, with his team of horses, the wagon and the magazine, was blown to atoms, not a vestige of either having been found after the awful accident. A hole 15 feet deep and 40 feet wide was left where the magazine had formerly stood.

Lamp Exploded.

Kenosha, Wis., Feb. 4.—Mrs. Louise Ortel was fatally and her husband perhaps seriously burned through the explosion of a lamp in their home. The exploding of the lamp caused the clothing of Mrs. Ortel to take fire and everything possible was done by her husband to extinguish the flames. His wife was so badly burned her injuries will prove fatal. The cause of the explosion is not known.

Five Children Perished.

Milwaukee, Feb. 4.—In the absence from home of Andrew Luetke and his wife, fire destroyed their home and burned to death their five young children. An aged woman, Mrs. Mary Beldater, who had been left in charge of the house, was found in the ruins, still alive, but so badly burned that she can not live. It is thought the fire resulted from the explosion of an oil lamp.

Heavy Fall.

Sioux City, Ia., Feb. 4.—The great snowstorm of the winter has reached here. The storm was general over Missouri and Kansas, varying in depth from 3 to 14 inches. A strong wind followed the fall of snow and in places the snow drifted badly. No serious interference with railroad traffic has been reported except on the central branch of the Missouri Pacific.

In Michigan.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Feb. 4.—The worst storm of the winter struck here and increased in fury, impeding street railway and railroad traffic to a considerable extent. Snow is still falling and is drifting badly. Reports from various points in central and western Michigan show that the storm is general and of great severity.

Struck New York.

New York, Feb. 4. — A snowstorm from the Great Lakes struck New York city in full force. The snow came down in big white flakes, and with but little wind. It was but a short time before the streets were covered and sidewalk sweepers put to work.

THE MEAT OF IT.

Interesting News Notes From All Quarters of the Globe.

Charles R. Hunt, cigar manufacturer, suicided at Barnesville, O.

Captain C. S. Stockton assigned to command the battleship Kentucky.

DAY

In the City Across the River.

Nuptial Event

Is Celebrated at the Curtis Home.

Members of the Independent Club Have a Thrilling Sleigh Ride.

Sled Was Overturned and Horses Ran Away. Basket Ball Team to be Organized by South Side Boys.

Sunday, at the home of Mrs. Curtis, 412 west Third street, Rev. W. H. Leatherman united in wedlock, Sidney L. Curtis, and Miss Pearl Ball. About fifty invited guests witnessed the ceremony, participated in the wedding festivities, and partook of the sumptuous repast served. Mr. and Mrs. Curtis, the esteemed, and to be congratulated couple, were the recipients of many useful, and beautiful presents, from relatives and friends.

Yesterday wan an excellent day at Grace M. E. church. A large number of persons were baptized, and received into the church. The services were largely attended in the morning and very helpful all day. The revival spirit was prevalent all day and seekers at night were greatly blessed. Services each night this week, beginning at 7 o'clock with song services and preaching at 7:30 p. m. Official Board meets tonight after the service, at 8 o'clock. Bring your friends.

A number of south side young men are centemplating the organization of a basket ball team. They thing they have some talent and are willing to compete with similar local organizations in the near future. They will remani organized, developing into a base ball club in the spring.

The Independent club were enjoying a sleigh ride several miles from town Saturday evening, when the horses plunged into a ditch, upset the bob, and ran away. There was a general spill, but none injured; finally matters were righted, things running merry again.

The infant child of S. B. Selley, of Second street, was narrowly prevented from choaking last night while unobservedly eating candy. For awhile the parents were much alarmed, but it was relieved just as a physician arrived, and is none the worse for the experience.

John Hodges slipped on the icy boards at the rear of his home this morning spraining his back and cutting his hand. He struck the back of his head very hard in falling, being so dazed, he had to be helped into the house.

Wm. Black, has received word that his son, Ellis, well known among local oil men, is precariously ill at Bakersfield, Cal. He is in a hospital, suffering from a complication of diseases, at present little hope of his recovery being entertained.

Miss Grace Bruebaker, of Cincinnati, spent Sunday with her aunt, Mrs. Davis, of the south side. Miss Bruebaker has been a student in music at Cincinnati and was on her way to visit relatives in Indiana.

Miss Anna Ward, of Greenlawn avenue, entertained a number of friends Saturday evening with a taffy party. Other amusements were had, the evening being generally enjoyable.

Crossley Brothers, the south Main street meat merchants, have added a full line of groceries, and placed some very attractive looking delivery wagons on the streets.

August Hartstein, and bride, of Dayton, returned to their home in that city yesterday, after a visit with his uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Weitz, of south Pine street.

Friends of Harry Steffey, who has been very ill at Huntington, at one time reported dead; learned recently of his convalescing, his ultimate recovery being considered near.

Tuesday evening, the first of the special meetings, preceding the annual revival, will be held at the South Lima Baptist church. Rev. Gallent in charge.

Mrs. John Watterson, so badly cut one of the fingers on her left hand Saturday, as to entirely lose the future use of it, it is feared.

Miss Laura Shraner entertained Saturday night, informally, in honor of her guest, Miss Stella Born, of Defiance.

H. J. Ringle, of Grand Rapids, Mich., was the guest of John L. Thompson, of west Vine street, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mort, of 546 south Pine street, are the happy parents of a charming little baby girl.

Mrs. Agnew Potter will leave in a few days for Denver, Col., where she will spend the winter with relatives.

Will Osburn was able to be out again today for the first time in several weeks, having had pneumonia.

G. S. Dick, who had his hand painfully burned some time ago, will be able to return to work shortly.

Sam Landon, of Holmes avenue, is out today for the first time, since his confinement by a severe illness.

Henry Wolf returned to his home in Wapakoneta, having spent several days with south side friends.

Mrs. F. L. Swartz has been called to Canton, by the illness of her husband, who is employed there.

A sled load of Bluffton young people rode over Sunday, and spent a few hours with Christ. Herr.

One of the regular shoots of the South Lima Gun Club was held this afternoon.

Thomas Johnson and family, of Fourth street, are all suffering from la grippe.

Mrs. Thomas Phillips, of Dunkirk, is visiting her sister, Mrs. H. F. Batchlet.

D. F. Leighton went to Bradford, Pa., this morning for a several weeks stay.

Miss Etta Wise, is entertaining Miss Leah Williams, of Kenton.

Jacob Luckoff, of Kenton, was a south side visitor today.

Perfectly healthy people have pure, rich blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies and enriches the blood and makes people healthy. 8

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. B. Harper and daughter, Miss Elsie, of east Eureka street, left for a three weeks' visit with friends and relatives at Muncie.

The Central Pedro club will meet with Mrs. Golley, on Thursday evening. 6 2t

Miss Bessie Eckert and Miss Carrie Craig, of Fort Wayne, are the guests of friends in Lima.

Mrs. Rebecca Donahue has returned to her home in Lima, after visiting her son Ed. in this city. Mrs. Ed. Donahue and daughter Ethel are on the sick list.—Kenton News-Republican.

John McNeff was in Weston, O., today attending the funeral services over the remains of his uncle, Mr. McCarty.

Mrs. E. A. Alford, of Market street, is laid up with an attack of la grippe.

Miss Mary Bland, of north Main street, is a victim of the grip.

Theodore Michael spent Sunday in Cincinnati.

Hugo Seligman spent Sunday in Sidney, the guest of Miss Ellois Waters.

Mr. and Mrs. Max. Sternberg were the guests of friends in Wapakoneta yesterday.

The Twentieth Century club meets with Mrs. S S. Wheeler tonight.

Miss Jennie Buckley, of Cincinnati, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. J. W. Smallwood, of south Main street.

Gen. J. S. Coxey was a guest at the Norval yesterday.

Mrs. C. L. Wool, of Logansport, Ind., is the guest of her son, S. E. Mulholland, of west Spring street.

The friends of Charles Hiatt will be pleased to learn that his condition today was reported by his physicians as being improved.

NOTICE W. V. R. U.

There will be a regular meeting in Domo hall Tuesday, Feb. 5, at 2 p. m.
SECRETARY.

Saturday's sale in dressing sacques at less than cost at Mrs. E. Light's.

SLEIGHS! SLEIGHS!

Portland and swell bodies. Also Buggies, Phaetons, Carriages and fancy Bike Wagons.

Kritzer's Wapakoneta hand-made, with a complete line of medium price vehicles.
H. PARGAM,
130 E. High Street.
4-m-w-s-2w d&w

THE DAILY TIMES-DEMOCRAT GUARANTEED LARGEST CIRCULATION OF ANY PAPER IN LIMA. CIRCULATION BOOKS AND PRESS ROOM OPEN TO ADVERTISERS.

57 Public Square. | G. E. BLUEM. | 57 Public Square.

Our Cut Price Sale

Is having the effect we anticipated; the announcement of a Cut Price Sale at this store always carries weight with it; our customers have learned from experience that our advertising statements are backed by the store's transactions. Do no blame us if your delay causes you to lose some of the good things offered.

Flannel Waists $1.50.
Flannel Waists, prettily trimmed, $2.50.
Highest grade French Flannel Waists, many were of the $6.00 quality, for $3.75.
Duchess Satin Waists, black only, the $7.75 quality, for $3.38.
Givernaud Taffeta Waists in colors and black, $5.00 quality, for $3.50.

Domet Flannel House Wrappers, $1.00.
Domet Flannel Wrappers, flounce skirt, $1.25.
Domet Flannel Wrappers, flounce skirt, cap sleeves, neatly braided, $1.25.
Vicuna Cloth Wrappers, velvet cuffs, collar and yoke, $2.50.
Vicuna Cloth Wrappers of Persian design, velvet trimmings, $2.75.

Many good styles of children's Jackets for ages 6 to 12 years, all popular colors, splendid values, one price to close..... $3.00
Few good styles of Rainy Day Skirts, most of them greys and browns, none were less than $5.00, one price to close..... $3.50

G. E. BLUEM,

Elevator Third Floor.

The Dry Goods. Dress Goods. Suit House.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of Rebecca Cheney Deceased.

The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as administrator with the will annexed, of the estate of Rebecca Cheney, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 2d day of February, A. D. 1901.

ELIAS H. JOHNS,
Administrator with the will Annexed.
feb 4-3w

ATTACHMENT NOTICE.

Before F. E. Duffield, Justice of the Peace, Ottawa township, Allen county, Ohio.

John G. Dodge and Charles G. Barnard, partners doing business under the firm name of Dodge & Barnard, Plaintiffs.	
vs.	In Attachment.
C. Granger and whose name or names are unknown, partners doing business under the firm name of C. Granger & Company, Defendants.	

On the 30th of January A. D. 1901, the above named Justice of the Peace issued an order of attachment in the above case for the sum of $219.29. Said cause will be for hearing on the 18th day of March, A. D., 1901.

DODGE & BARNARD.
By Kent W. Hughes, their Attorney.
feb. 4-3w

To Protestanize Filipinos.

Manilla, Feb. 4.—Fewer than 400 persons attended the meeting called by Senor Buencamino to inaugurate the "evangelical movement." Considerable interest was manifested in the proceedings, and there were some expressions of approval of the addresses. No attempt, however, was made to commit the meeting to Protestantism, that aspect of the case being left for subsequent action, at his discretion, to Rev. James B. Rogers, a missionary of the Presbyterian board, who was present.

In Memory of Goebel.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 4.—The people of Frankfort paid tribute to the memory of William Goebel, holding memorial services at the grave on the anniversary of his death. A large crowd was present and speeches were made by Adjutant General Murray and Judge J. C. Cantrill. The floral offerings, with which the grave was covered, were profuse and costly, many towns in the state having sent designs.

Indians Badly Whipped.

St. Louis, Feb. 4.—The Mexican authorities have been advised of another engagement which took place between the government troops and a large force of Maya Indians. The battle took place about nine miles from Chan, Santa Cruz, the stronghold of the rebels. The casualties on the rebel side were heavy, it being estimated that they lost over 300 men killed and wounded.

So Long, William.

London, Feb. 4.—Emperor William will leave Windsor Tuesday, accompanied by King Edward. He will take luncheon at Marlborough house, after which he will drive to Charing Cross station, where he will take the train for Port Victoria. He will follow the same route by which Lord Roberts entered London on returning from South Africa, and a great ovation is expected.

PRICES THAT TALK!

That's the kind we make on our choice groceries by making prices that keeps new trade constantly coming our way. We know that our customers talk of the fair treatment they get at our store. A 25 cent sale:

Soap, 10 bars Pride.....25 cents
Soap, 8 bars King.....25 cents
California Prunes, 6 pounds.....25 cents
California Peaches, 4 pounds.....25 cents

Prompt delivery, clerks ready and willing to serve you and every detail carefully attended to.

JAMES S. SMITH, GROCER. Both 'Phones 127.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH
SPECIAL OFFER.

During the month of February we will make you a set of teeth, using the best material for the low sum of $5.00.

This offer is made to bring our office and methods thoroughly before the public and will cease on Feb. 28th.

We guarantee them to fit, to be life-like, durable, and add to usefulness the charm of beauty. Come in and get a contract.

LUSH & BANNISTER, Dentists.

Hours 8 a. m.—5:30 p. m. Rooms 5, 6 and 7
Evenings 7 to 8. Sundays 9 to 12. Opera House Block.

WANTED.

FOR RENT—A boarding house on east Wayne street. The house is in good condition. References required. Apply at T. P. Kevill's grocery, 201 east Wayne street. 7tf

MANAGER—Energetic man to manage branch. Old established house. No soliciting; office duties wholly. Salary $125 month and extra commissions. Yearly engagement; chance rapid advancement for man of ability. Experience not necessary. Must furnish good references and $800 cash. Manager, Drawer 74, New Haven, Ct. jan 26-1m

FOR RENT—Three rooms, cheap. Inquire at 601 east North street. 95-3t

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade. Prepare now for busy season. Only two months required. Present graduates with complete outfit of tools and pay $12 weekly when competent. Constant practice, expert instructions. Catalogue and particulars mailed free. Moler Barber College, Chicago, Ills. 94-6t

WANTED—Young lady has $15,000 in own name; nice looking, very musical, affectionate, practical, wants good, kind husband; money no object. Address "Roselle" box 675, Chicago. 94-5t

WANTED—Five good locomotive machinists, vise hands, at Pennsylvania Company shops, Crestline, Ohio. Apply in person or by mail to Master Mechanic at that point. 91-1w

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 787 south Elizabeth street. feb 4tf

WANTED—A good reliable man or boy, not less than 16 years of age, to take charge of dairy wagon. One that can milk preferred. Must come well recommended. Eph Roush, residence two and one-half miles northeast of Lima, Ohio. semi-w-2t.

MONEY TO LOAN.

AT 4½ TO 5% FROM ONE TO TEN YEARS, in sums of $300 and upward, on FARM LANDS or LIMA CITY PROPERTY. Privilege of paying $100, or any multiple thereof, at any interest day. LOANS MADE AT ONCE.
THE LIMA MORTGAGE LOAN CO.,
Rooms 1 and 2 Metropolitan Block, Lima.
Henderson & Rogers, Attorneys.

Mrs. Maggie Moffitt, M. E.
—WILL GIVE—
Electro Thermal Baths
And all treatments pertaining to the art of MASSAGE.
Rooms 212 and 213 Masonic Temple Lima, O.
Treatment given at the home. Residence 219 West Elm St.

George S. Mills
Architect
Toledo and Lima
Charles W. Dawson
Representative
305 Masonic Temple, Lima

Microbes Found on Bibles.

Despite Police Magistrate Joseph H. Pool's edict against the practice of having persons who are sworn in the New York courts where he presides, kiss the Bible, his argument being that the book, after much handling, becomes nothing less than a disease breeder, the board of health announced that there was absolutely nothing detrimental to health in the time-honored custom. Their experts, after full investigation, have been unable to find in even the oldest and grimiest Bible in use in the police courts, the slightest tract of any microbes of a deleterious nature or germs that would tend to transmit disease. The board also declared that the agitation about the alleged presence of microbes in telephone transmitters and receivers was entirely without foundation, as the results of repeated experiments and investigations by the department experts would show.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

SORE THROAT

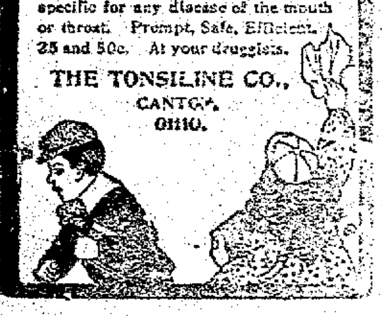
Keeps Many Children From School,

when, if there was a bottle of

TONSILINE

on the closet shelf, they need never lose a day from this cause. It is a specific for any disease of the mouth or throat. Prompt, Safe, Efficient. 25 and 50c. At your druggists.

THE TONSILINE CO., CANTON, OHIO.



OUR COOKING SCHOOL.

Salted Almonds.—Shell and blanch a pound of almonds by pouring boiling water over them, letting them stand for ten minutes, then slipping off the skins. Dry the nuts between the folds of a clean dish towel and put them in a baking pan, with a tablespoonful of melted butter. Turn them over and over in this until all are coated, then set the pan in the oven until the almonds are delicately browned, stirring often that all may brown evenly. Turn into a colander, strew thickly with fine salt, shake the colander hard to dislodge superfluous salt and grease. When cold the nuts will be crisp. Keep in a dry place.

German Toast.—Trim the crust from slices of bread, cut the slices round, dip in a sweet custard, then in batter, and fry to a golden brown. Drain in a hot colander, spread a very little currant jelly on each round of the fried bread and pile one slice upon the other. A delicious accompaniment to roast turkey.

White chiffon frills soften the effect of the collar on the inside. This is a pretty idea for fur capes.

WORKING OVER TIME.

Eight hour laws are ignored by those tireless, little workers—Dr. King's New Life Pills. Millions are always at work, night and day, curing indigestion, biliousness, constipation, sick headache and all stomach, liver and bowel troubles. Easy, pleasant, safe, sure. Only 25 cents at H. F. Vortkamp's drug store, cor. Main and North streets.

DISPLAY OF THE HANDKERCHIEF.

There is a real art in the proper display of this essential accessory of dress and comfort. Avoid extreme patterns, styles and all colors. The most elegant handkerchief for every day use is pure linen, as fine as one's purse can buy, hemstitched either by hand or by machinery or with an embroidered edge, and with a monogram, initial or crest in one corner, says the American Queen. For dressy occasions the handkerchief may be more elaborate, but good taste demands that it must ever be white or of the color of old lace. Hold your handkerchief freely in your hand if you have no receptacle or pocket for it; do not roll it into a ball, and do not use it too frequently or in a manner to attract attention.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher — The Kind You Have Always Bought

Spinoza's Letters.

Some admirers of Spinoza propose to photograph the letters existing in his autograph. This step appears to have been suggested by the fact that the important letter "De Infinito," which was sold at Amsterdam at auction in 1860, is missing, and therefore, the preservation of Spinoza's other letters by multiplying facsimiles of them seems important to Dutch students.

FATAL delays are caused by experimenting with cough and cold cures. Foley's Honey and Tar will prevent a cold from resulting in PNEUMONIA.

H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

American Exports.

In the fiscal year 1890 exports of domestic manufacturers amounted to but $151,000,000 and in the fiscal year 1900 to $425,000,000, an increase of nearly 200 per cent.

PNEUMONIA CAN BE CURED.

This disease always results from a cold or an attack of grip and may be prevented by the timely use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. That remedy was extensively used during the epidemics of la grippe of the past few years, and not a single case has ever been reported that did not recover of that resulted in pneumonia, which shows it to be a certain preventive of that dangerous disease. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy has gained a world wide reputation for its cures of colds and grip. For sale by all druggists.

FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

SOME GOOD STORIES FOR OUR JUNIOR READERS.

Why Did She Do It?—A Story of the Unkindness of the Little Daughter of Well-to-do Parents to a Girl Waif. —His Question.

His Question.

Sixty questions make an hour,
One for every minute;
And Neddy tries, with all his might,
To get more questions in it.

Sixty questions make an hour,
And as for a reply
The wisest sage would stand aghast
At Neddy's searching "Why?"

Sixty questions make an hour,
And childhood's hours are brief;
So Neddy has no time to waste,
No pauses for relief.

Sixty questions make an hour,
Presto! why, where is Ned?
Alas! he's gone, and in his place
A Question Point instead!
—The Churchman.

Why Did She Do It?

"No, I'll never speak to Marie again; never, never!"

"Why, my Whirlwind, what is it now?"

"Oh, Aunt Clara, you are so patient and forgiving that, of course, you will see no wrong!"

"Well, tell me all about it, my little Whirlwind, and I promise not to be hard on you."

"Yes, and Aunt Clara will so smoothe out all the wrinkles that before daylight tomorrow you'll be waking me up with your singing, so that you may be in time to make it up with Marie."

This last speech was from Ned, who sat on a stool by the big fireplace, and had put down his book as "Whirlwind" burst into the room. She tossed her head impatiently at him for an answer, and began her tale of woe to her listening and ever patient young aunt.

When she had finished, Aunt Clara answered never a word. A light gleamed in her dark eyes, and she sighed. After a little while she spoke, softly and gently, but not at all about Whirlwind or Marie; only as if she were looking back over the years. And, indeed, she was.

"Shall I tell you a story, my dear?"

Ned dropped his book again, and Whirlwind was all attention.

"This is a true story of—a friend of mine. When we hear 'true stories,' they are generally told because they show some noble trait of character, or some thrilling episode, or a spirit of bravery, or something of that kind. Yet more often, in our frail human lives, it is not the moment of nobleness that leaves lasting good, but our very weaknesses, photographed on the sensitive plate of our imagination, that stare at us again and again, until we could not, in very shame, act so again.

"This little incident happened many years ago to a child, who is now a woman, and although she never again saw the other prominent character in the episode, the vision of that one quick, impulsive wrong action rises again and again before her, and its memory can never be effaced.

"She was not a bad little girl, nor was she a 'goody-goody' one, just an ordinary little girl. She was playing, one summer evening, on the sidewalk with her little friends of the neighborhood. They had exhausted themselves, all except little Letty, and she, brimful of mischief, and action, and impatience, was waiting to resume the play.

"Suddenly, along the street came a strange sight to these boys and girls, whose ages ranged from five to eight. It was a child of the streets, a little newsgirl, in a torn frock, and with tumbled hair, and dirty hands and face. She had evidently wandered from her own neighborhood, and she seemed very much out of place among these children of careful parents.

"The little ones, one and all, drew together on a stoop, gazing in shyness and curiosity at the stranger, who might have been a gypsy, if one had judged by her semi-wild appearance. When she reached the group, she paused, and there was a moment of silence. The twilight had deepened into dark by this time, and the gleam of the street lamps, which were not electric then, shone dimly upon them all.

"'I work for my living!' suddenly and proudly spoke up the little waif; and perhaps a feeling of childish shame fell upon them, for no one answered.

"'See what I have!' continued the little voice, and there was a sound of clinking coins as she slipped her hand into her ragged dress, and drew it out again, extending the open palm for them to see. Eagerly they scrambled forward to look, and then it was that Letty did what she was never able to explain, even to this day, grown woman though she is.

"It all happened in a moment, in less time than it can be told; and while they were all scrambling to see, Letty stepped forward with them, and striking the extended hand from beneath, she knocked it upwards, sending the coins flying over the sidewalk and into the gutter. Even before the words "for shame!" were uttered by the children, Letty's heart was stricken with remorse.

"Well, of course, the waif cried, and they all stooped to gather up the coins, all, that is, except Letty, whose foolish pride forbade her to acknowledge her fault. She was a very little girl, of course, and I know that she was not an unkind one, just as you know that Marie is not unkind in her heart, even though she is impulsive and hasty, like our 'Whirlwind'; but though that is true, and she will never see or know the waif that worked so hard beyond her years, yet Letty has her remorse for that action, and will never forget it. It was the beginning of her trying to think for others.

"Now, Whirlwind, I have told you this little story only because it is not always our noble actions that stamp our characters, and so, I am sure that you will waken Ned early with your singing, and will find that Marie, too, has regretted the harsh words spoken between you."

Aunt Clara, always the most cheerful person in the household, was silently looking into the fire with a half-dreamy smile on her face. Ned and Whirlwind left her thus, and as they shut the door, Whirlwind said:

"Would you have believed it, Ned, if any one else had told us?"

"No, and if I didn't know that she could not pretend, even to a name, I'd say it couldn't be!"

And meanwhile their Aunt Clara Letitia, or Letty, as she was even yet sometimes called, was thinking:

"Why did I do it? Who can analyze the child mind and tell?"—Virginia Horten.

Uncle Sam's Midnight Land Deal.

One of the best bargains ever made by Uncle Sam was that of the purchase of Alaska from Russia in 1867. The czar had been most friendly toward our country during the civil war, and when Uncle Sam offered to buy his immense possessions in northwestern America he gave the matter favorable consideration. He had planted forts and trading posts in many parts of this territory and had got to calling it the "outpost of St. Petersburg," but he knew that Uncle Sam was growing into one of the foremost rulers of the earth and he wished to keep his good will. Then, too, Alaska would be difficult to defend in war time and the czar had always made a point of keeping his domains joined closely, annexing only such territory as lay directly upon his borders. So, after he had thought it over, he offered to sell for $10,000,000. True to his dickering instinct, Uncle Sam held out for $5,000,000. "Split the difference," proposed the czar, "say seven and a half." "Seven millions," insisted Uncle Sam. "Done," decided the czar, as lightly as though it had been a pair of old shoes. The Russian Fur company, however, wanted $200,000 for its interest in the territory and Uncle Sam agreed to pay it. Nothing remained but the signing of the treaty, and this was done at midnight on March 29, 1867, at Washington. Uncle Sam's secretary, Mr. Seward, was playing whist in his parlor that night when the czar's representative, Minister Stoeckl, was ushered in. "I have a dispatch, Mr. Seward, from my government by cable. The czar gives his consent to the cession. Tomorrow, if you like, we will sign the treaty." Mr. Seward laid down his cards.

"Why wait until tomorrow, Mr. Stoeckl? Let us make the treaty tonight."

"But you have no clerks and my secretaries are scattered about town."

"Never mind that," replied Mr. Seward. "If you can muster your secretaries before midnight you will find me awaiting you at the department of state."

And so at midnight light was streaming from the windows of the department of state and the place was busy with writers, secretaries and engrossers. At 4 o'clock in the morning the treaty was finished—engrossed, signed, sealed and ready for sending to the president and the senate. And the next day the senate ratified the transaction and the immense country of Alaska, with its hidden gold, passed within the limits of the United States for the price of two warships.

Hospitality on the March.

Mrs. E. B. Custer, in Harper's Bazar, tells of the difficulties of home-making on the plains when on the march with a cavalry regiment. Mrs. Custer was with the Seventh cavalry that marched and camped and scouted on the route laid out for the Kansas Pacific railroad. The food was monotonous, and those on the march over the barren country would tell tantalizing tales of the good things they had eaten in the states. The habit of hospitality, however, was so fixed that the soldiers would merely add a plate for the visitor, or give up their own if there were not enough. An old officer, in crossing the plains, invited a brother officer to dine with him, not knowing that his supplies were so low. The "striker" put the only two dishes on the mess-chest table. The host took in the limited bill of fare at a glance, and said: "If you don't care for rice, help yourself to the mustard."

Fencing.

That times are changed is a fact that every man over forty is sure to announce with emphasis. But the change is sometimes greater in appearance than in reality, as in a case reported by the Epworth Herald.

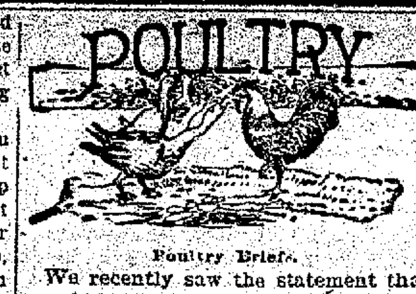
"How's this?" said the farmer, who was reading a letter from his son in college. "Come here, Betsey. Harold Howard Augustus writes that he wants money to pay his fencing bill. What on earth does the boy mean?"

"I s'pose it's the college pastur' or somethin', Matthew. There's so many pernicketty things the poor boys at college have to do."

"Ho! he! It's lessons in fencing he wants to pay for. Waal, now, that beats all. I've been fencing for forty years, and I never had to go to college to learn how."

"But times are changed, Matthew. Fences aint made as they was when we climbed 'em in Root Hollow."

"I expect that's so," said the old man, thoughtfully. "He don't say whether it's a rail fence or a wire one, but I reckon he'll learn both ways. I never thought a boy of mine would have to go to college to learn fencing. Times are changed."



Poultry Briefs.

We recently saw the statement that one big buyer of poultry in the west follows the practice of sorting out the thoroughbred males among his purchased lots and selling them back to the farmers at cost price to improve the flocks. The course is a wise one. The trader knows there is more money in dealing in good stock than in poor and takes the opportunity to insure himself a good quality of stock in the future. He evidently expects to remain in the business for a number of years and to reap the fruit of his work. In fact, there is no kind of live stock that responds quicker to good breeding than poultry. A good full-blooded male will give a flock of laying half-breeds in eight months improvement, and it is so easy that there is no reason why it should not be general.

* * *

There was probably never a time in the history of the country when the demand for fresh eggs and for fancy poultry was so great as it is at present time. It is said that in Europe the consumption of eggs is greater even than in this country, and that the supply comes mostly from a multitude of small farms, large establishments being unusual. This is doubtless true and indicates the future lines of development in this country. The conditions for raising poultry are found everywhere, from the Arctic to the Antarctic circle, and small investment is required to start the business. The result is that big establishments are not natural, and few poultry farms reach the size their owners once hoped. The condition is a healthy one. The poultry industry at least does not tend to the concentration of wealth.

* * *

Skimmilk is not only a valuable food for chicks, but it also increases the power of the chicks to consume and use other food. That is, the young chickens will eat more of other food by reason of having had the skimmilk. This effect is just the opposite of what might be expected, for, having received the milk it might reasonably be supposed that less of other food would be demanded. It is evident that the digestive organs of the chicks are stimulated by the kind of food mentioned. This is a great gain to the poultry raiser for it enables him to bring his fowls to maturity at an earlier age than where the chicks are given meals and grains only. It is, however, worthy of note that the skimmilk becomes of less value as the chicks grow older, and if the steady gain is to be maintained meat in some form must be substituted later on.

* * *

Breeders for the useful in fowls should not be carried away with the mere fancy adornments of the birds. A well-known poultryman says: "It has been my experience that poultry fanciers select rather for beauty and for feathers than for practical qualities. When I was a breeder of Black Spanish, we chose birds for white lobes, for five points on the comb, for certain shaped tails and such points. We were not after vigor. The Black Spanish was once a great egg producer, but has deteriorated as a result of attention to fancy points. The Minorcas come from the same kind of stock, and have been less injured for practical uses." But the buying public has not yet reached the point where it takes its birds according to their performances. A man now buys a bird and pays a fancy price for it because it has scored high or "won first" at some exhibition. The time is coming when birds will be bought because they have laid so many eggs per year or for some other reason of the utilitarian sort.

* * *

An English poultry expert asserts that in that country the droppings from a hen are worth 25 cents a year. This he ascertained by an actual experiment, taking the droppings of 100 hens for a year and using them on and as he did his commercial fertilizers. Watching the results he figured its value on what like results would cost if obtained through commercial fertilizers. We do not doubt the truth of the estimate based on English prices, but we doubt if the statement would hold good if made regarding conditions in this country. However, we have a surer way of finding the value of such fertilizer, namely, by chemical analysis. Often it is the case that the farmer does not get out of the poultry manure the value that is in it. Especially is this the case where dust is used as an absorbant, and the chemical actions are induced that result in sending most of the nitrogen into the air in the form of gas. Where a large number of fowls are kept, it will pay to make provision for keeping the manure in the best possible condition.

The Manitoba wheat crop is estimated at 11,000,000 bushels, against earlier estimates of as high as 40,000,000 bushels, while the Indiana crop is said to be the smallest for many years, being estimated at 8,000,000 bushels, against from 25,000,000 to 40,000,000 for several years past, and the French crop is officially estimated at 288,000,000 bushels, against 366,000,000 bushels last year, with the surplus carried over from last year estimated at 56,000,000 bushels.

Sheep thrive best in a pasture where moles are numerous. The mole holes serve to drain the land.

How a Herd Is Built Up.

Prof. F. E. Emery, of the North Carolina Agricultural college, thus tells how a herd of milkers was built up. The work is based on record keeping. He says:

When this record began in 1891, the experiment station had four cows in its stable, one a registered Jersey, one unregistered and one grade, the fourth belonged to the Agricultural and Mechanical college. The registered cow was stripping and the unregistered one had been milking about three months, having come in milk prematurely by an injury which resulted in permanent lameness. This reference is also the one by which may be found the method of making the record. It is simple and easy. The wonder is any farmer will keep a cow and feed and care for her by the year without knowing whether it pays, when by simply keeping a record he would be sure, and where several cows are kept this would point out the profitable cows.

How much milk should a cow give in order to be classed as a profit maker? Evidently the amount depends on the cost of feed and value of milk. A number of years ago the New York state dairy commissioner estimated from a large mass of data which came to his office that the average yield from New York cows was not above 3,000 pounds. The United States census figures show that North Carolina cows produced 2136.5 pounds of milk each in 1879 and New York cows 3957.6 pounds. Later statistics gathered in New York show a gain for New York cows:

The first year's record here showed that of seven cows kept and milked long enough to publish their records four yielded above 3,000 and one of these about 4,000 pounds of milk during that year, 1891.

In 1892 3,060 for a grade and 4,000 for a pure but unregistered Jersey were the highest yields and neither of these was in the list above 3,000 pounds in 1891. Late in this year a heifer began to yield milk which has developed into the deepest milker of the herd.

In 1893 there were eight cows yielding above 3,000 pounds, and only one of these to reach that limit in previous years was of the list and she barely in it. Of the other seven one yielded nearly and two above 4,000 pounds, one 5,213 pounds and another, No. 5, the second highest yielding cow, reach 6,607 pounds.

In this year's record nine cows out of eleven yielded above 3,300 pounds and one of these other two was a heifer which was in milk only two months, but yielded 1,166 pounds in that time. Five records were close to 4,000 pounds, one 4,506, one 5,186 and one as high as 6,175.2. The ten cows averaged 4,102.5 pounds, and their butter yield averaged 246.7 pounds.

In 1895 the heifer Spot and cow No. 5 were the only ones of fourteen on record to approximate 4,000 pounds of milk. The third highest was cow No. 7 with 3,741 pounds of milk. These three at 85 per cent butter fat yielded 238.8, 319.6 and 203.4 pounds of butter; or, at World's Fair rate of 80 per cent fat, the yields were 253.7, 339.6 and 216.1 pounds, while the Jersey, Dora McKee, with a yield of 3204.4 pounds of milk, was credited with 238.9 or 254.2 pounds of butter.

It would seem from this that this herd was entitled to place an easy standard at 6,000 pounds of milk and 300 pounds of butter per cow per year. If ten months are allowed as the proper length of lactation in every year then each cow to reach the standard must average twenty pounds of milk and one pound of butter daily for this time, 300 days. The yield should be double these amounts at their highest point and be held for longer or shorter time accordingly.

During the year 1897 the more valuable cows of this herd were condemned because of spread of tuberculosis which was also found in many of the heifers from these cows. In 1897 and 1898 the following records were made.

The highest yields per day previous to 1890 was ??.3 pounds, by Daisy E. and 35.9 by Spot.

The highest yield per day has now been 38.454 pounds, by May, Shorthorn.

The highest yields per month have been by Daisy E, 10006 pounds, and May, 1,026.4 pounds. The cow that yields two gallons of milk per day for ten months will exceed 5,200 pounds, and she should yield nearly four gallons per day when fresh. The highest yearly records were made in 1896, as follows:

	Yield of Milk. Pounds.	Yield of 85 Per cent Butter.
Spot	7464.	421.7
No. 5	6714.7	399.2
Daisy E	5750.3	315.
No. 2	5292.2	326.
Polly K	4652.2	315.9
No. 7	4478.7	248.5
No. 20	4358.	263.9
Average	5672.5	333.4

On the college farm at Ames, Iowa, oats and barley are grown together for the use of the cows. Last year the yield was reported at 70 bushels per acre. There are so many other feeds that are used in the dairy that the Americans have never given barley much attention.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

cures while the baby sleeps. Mothers, your helpless babies confide in you. Beware of impure medicines! A little mistake will clog their brains and may ruin their lives forever.

Get a Doctor's Prescription!

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup was used in his great practice for years and never failed. He saved thousands of lives. It's pure—quick—sure. Buy a bottle today—delay is dangerous. It's good for the whole family. The standard physicians' remedy for over half a century—millions of bottles sold—it *must* be good. *Refuse Substitutes.*

My family has used Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup for about ten years for coughs and colds, and three or four doses always relieved them. I always keep a bottle in the house. W. H. MORRIS, Excelsior, Minn.

A. C. MEYER & CO., Baltimore, Md.

Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. Trial, 20 for 5 cents, at dealers or by mail.

LOW FARE TO WASHINGTON

For First Presidental Inauguration of Twentieth Century.

Excursion tickets to Washington will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines March 1st, 2d and 3d, 1901, with return limit on all tickets including March 8th.

The inauguration of President McKinley on March 4th will be the first event of that kind in the new century, and will attract notables from all over the country. The ceremonies will be impressive, and the parade and festivities will be of an unusual character, interesting to all.

The trip to Washington made be made via Pennsylvania Lines at the low fares on through trains of modern railroad equipment. For details about fares and through service, apply to nearest Pennsylvania Line Ticket Agent.

A MISUNDERSTANDING.

Misunderstood symptoms else where the kidneys are out of order. Foley's Kidney Cure will bring you health when other medicines have failed. Take no substitute.

H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Plait of Golden Hair.

A beautiful plait of golden hair, measuring two meters and 50 centimeters, has been very much admired at the Paris exhibition. This wonderful hair belonged to a young Normandy girl, who, to pay a family debt and save her father's good name, sold it to a hair-dresser for 300 francs. He in turn sold it to a Parisian coiffeur for 1,000 francs, and now it is the property of a lady who desires the strictest incognita to be kept, and who paid 3,000 francs for it.

Valuable Painting of Lincoln.

Anthony Berger's celebrated oil painting of Abraham Lincoln, which is now exhibited at the Frankfort art gallery, is soon to have a place in the United States consulate at Berlin. Mr. Berger estimates the value of the picture at $3,000. The artist was born in Frankfort and studied in the city's art schools. He lived forty-nine years in the United States.—James Gordon in Chicago Record.

"I have always used Foley's Honey and Tar cough medicine, and think it the best in the world," says Chas. Bender, a news dealer of Erie, Pa. Nothing else as good.

H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Dismantled Sherman's Residence.

Mrs. J. J. McCallum, adopted daughter of the late John Sherman, has dismantled the beautiful Sherman residence in Washington, which, with something like $700,000, she inherited from the Ohio statesman. She and her husband have sailed for Europe and it is said Mrs. McCallum means to sell all the household effects. Blood relations of Mr. Sherman are indignant at the proposed action and will make an effort to purchase the furniture as souvenirs of the great Ohioan.

Vast Sugar Plantation.

A sugar plantation in Cuba, near the town of Fergus, is 13,000 acres in extent. It employs 1,500 persons, and on it there are two forts, thirty miles of railroad belonging to the place, three steam railroad locomotives, many homes for the white people and the natives, a big sugar factory and a river, which floats lighters loaded with sugar from the plantation docks to the ships on the coast.

W. L. Yancy, Paducah, Ky., writes: "I had a severe case of kidney disease and three of the best physicians in southern Kentucky treated me without success. I was induced to try Foley's Kidney Cure. The first bottle gave immediate relief and three bottles cured me permanently. I gladly recommend this wonderful remedy."

H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Pittsb'gh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Div.

Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time

Westward.		21	9	15	31	30	35
		AM	AM	PM	PM	AM	PM
Pittsb'gh	lv	*1 05	*7 00	*6 30	*1 35		
Alliance	ar	3 25	9 30	8 55	4 30		
Canton	lv	4 00	9 56	9 24	5 24		
Massillon	"	4 12	10 10	9 35	5 42		
Wooster	"	4 55	10 55	10 21	6 35		
Mansfield	"	6 10	12 05	11 25	7 55		
Crestline	ar	6 37	12 35	11 54	8 25		
Crestline	lv	6 45	12 40	12 01	PM	[illegible]	[illegible]
Robinson	"					[illegible]	[illegible]
Bucyrus	"	7 04	1 20	12 21		[illegible]	[illegible]
Nevada	"					[illegible]	[illegible]
U. Sandusky	"	7 23	1 23	12 47		[illegible]	[illegible]
Kirby	"	.....	.....	.....		[illegible]	[illegible]
Forest	"	.....	.....	.....		[illegible]	[illegible]
Dunkirk	"	.....	.....	.....		[illegible]	[illegible]
Washingt'n	"	.....	.....	.....		[illegible]	[illegible]
Ada	"	.....	2 08	.....		[illegible]	[illegible]
Lafayette	"					[illegible]	[illegible]
Lima	"	8 35	2 25	1 49		[illegible]	[illegible]
Elida	"					[illegible]	[illegible]
Delphos	"	9 03	2 51	2 15		[illegible]	[illegible]
Middlepoint	"					[illegible]	[illegible]
Van Wert	"	9 21	3 10	2 35		[illegible]	[illegible]
Convoy	"	.....	.....	.....		[illegible]	[illegible]
Dixon	"	.....	.....	.....		11 0?	[illegible]
Monroeville	"	.....	.....	.....		11 ??	[illegible]
Maples	"	.....	.....	.....		11 ??	[illegible]
Adams	"	.....	.....	.....		11 ??	[illegible]
Ft. Wayne	ar	10 10	4 00	3 25		[illegible]	[illegible]
Warsaw	"	11 31	5 24	4 35		1 32	
Plymouth	"	12 07	6 08	5 13		2 1?	
Valparaiso	"	1 15	7 08	6 12		3 2?	
Chicago	ar	2 50	8 45	7 45		5 15	
		PM	PM	AM			

Column 31, Crestline to Chicago: NOTE—Train No. 24 has no connection east of Pittsburgh. Tickets to Eastern points will not be honored on this train.

Eastward.		22	20	8	24	6	36
		AM	NN	PM	PM	PM	AM
Chicago	lv	†7 30	*12 05	*3 00	*5 00	[illegible]	
Valparaiso	"	9 25	1 32	4 36		[illegible]	
Plymouth	"	10 37	2 35	5 45	10 25	[illegible]	
Warsaw	"	11 18	3 11	6 22	10 57	[illegible]	
Ft. Wayne	"	12 40	4 20	7 45	12 01	[illegible]	[illegible]
Adams	"	12 57	.....			[illegible]	[illegible]
Maples	"	12 59	.....	.....		[illegible]	[illegible]
Monroeville	"	1 09	.....	8 17		[illegible]	[illegible]
Dixon	"	1 16	.....	.....		6 05	[illegible]
Convoy	"	1 29	.....	.....		[illegible]	[illegible]
Van Wert	"	1 45	5 11	8 39		[illegible]	[illegible]
Middlepoint	"	1 58	.....	.....		[illegible]	[illegible]
Delphos	"	2 13	5 37	9 05		[illegible]	[illegible]
Elida	"	2 25	.....	.....		[illegible]	[illegible]
Lima	"	2 40	5 57	9 30	1 25	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lafayette	"	3 03	.....	.....		[illegible]	[illegible]
Ada	"	3 15	.....	10 02	.....	8 12	[illegible]
Washingt'n	"	3 25	.....	.....		[illegible]	[illegible]
Dunkirk	"	3 32	.....	.....		[illegible]	[illegible]
Forest	"	3 45	.....	.....	.....	[illegible]	[illegible]
Kirby	"	3 53	.....	.....		[illegible]	[illegible]
U. Sandusky	"	4 05	7 02	10 46		[illegible]	[illegible]
Nevada	"	4 20	.....	.....		[illegible]	[illegible]
Bucyrus	"	4 35	7 31	11 1?		[illegible]	[illegible]
Robinson	"	4 47	.....			[illegible]	[illegible]
Crestline	ar	5 00	7 57	11 45	3 15	[illegible]	[illegible]
Crestline	lv	5 25	8 05	11 50	3 20	[illegible]	AM
Mansfield	"	5 45	8 33	12 15	a	[illegible]	
Wooster	"	7 08	9 35	1 25	a	12 20	
Massillon	"	7 55	10 22	2 12	a	[illegible]	
Canton	"	8 18	10 40	2 35	[illegible]	[illegible]	
Alliance	ar	9 00	11 10	3 10	[illegible]	[illegible]	
Pittsb'gh	ar	PM	1 40	5 50	[illegible]	5 30	
			AM	AM	AM		

Column 24, Ft. Wayne to Lima: SEE NOTE.

Pullman Sleeping Cars run on Nos. 6, 15 and 24; Pullman Vestibule Dining and Sleeping Cars on Nos. 5, 20 and 21. Nos. 6, 8 and 20 connect in Union Station, Pittsburgh, with through trains for Harrisburg, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia and New York.

a Stops to let off passengers from Fort Wayne or points west thereof.

*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Flag stop. §Meals.

Dark Faced Type denotes time from 12:00 noon to 12:00 midnight; Light faced from 12:00 midnight to 12:00 noon.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager. E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent.

11-25-00-H. PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks and further information regarding the running of trains, apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

ASTHMA QUICK, SURE RELIEF

ASTHMA TABLETS.

A POSITIVE Cure for Asthma, Hay Fever and Catarrh. Two tablets give immediate relief. One Tablet after each Meal aids Digestion. Ask your druggist, or by mail. Send stamp for free sample.

ROSS MFG CO. Cleveland, O.

PATENTS GUARANTEED

Our fee returned if we fail. Any one sending sketch and description of any invention will promptly receive our opinion free concerning the patentability of same. "How to Obtain a Patent" sent upon request. Patents secured through us advertised for sale at our expense.

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Send for sample copy FREE. Address,

VICTOR J. EVANS & CO. (Patent Attorneys,)

Evans Building, WASHINGTON, D. C.

PILES

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile OINTMENT will cure Blind, Bleeding, and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT is prepared only for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price. 50c and $1.00 per box. WILLIAMS M'F'G CO., Prop's, CLEVELAND, O.

Sold by H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North sts. Lima, Ohio.

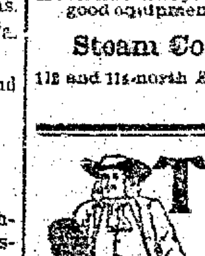
Coal and Feed

HARRY RUMPLE.

A full line always in stock. Good goods, good equipment and good treatment.

Steam Coal a specialty.

112 and 114 north Elizabeth street. Both Phones.



The Easy Food
Easy to Buy,
Easy to Cook,
Easy to Eat,
Easy to Digest.
Quaker Oats
At all grocers
in 2-lb. pkgs only

LOOK AT THIS!

BANEY & SHEPHERD

THE BARBERS,

In the Metropolitan block basement will give you a hair cut or shave that is smooth as a ribbon.

BANNER SALVE,

the most healing salve in the world.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of Rebecca Curtin, deceased. The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as administrator with the will annexed of the estate of Rebecca Curtin, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 17th day of January, A. D. 1901.

WILLIAM CURTIN,
Administrator with the will annexed.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

DRIVE AWAY THE BLUE DEVILS with SIMMS LITTLE LIVER PILLS

These little pills never gripe or nauseate—their action is very mild but absolutely certain and effectual. The liver and bowels are restored to normal healthy action and the general system benefited by their use.

"A Simms Pill will save a doctor bill."

40 of these little pills cost but 10c, making them the cheapest pill in point of price as they are highest in curative power.

At the druggists or SIMMS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo.

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.

Estate of Jacob P. Ward, deceased. The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of Jacob P. Ward, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased.

Dated this 18th day of January, A. D. 1901.

W. J. RICHIE, Administrator.

MONEY TO LOAN.

We have a large sum of money to loan on city property and improved farm lands at the VERY LOWEST RATE OF INTEREST with the privilege of paying part or all at any interest paying day. Persons wishing CHEAP MONEY and on SHORT NOTICE will find it will be to their interest to call.

C. H. FOLSOM,
Real Estate and Loan Broker, Rooms 7 and 8 Holmes Block.

ERIE RAILROAD

Time Card in Effect Mar. 11, 1900.
From Lima, Ohio.

TRAINS WEST. Depart

No. 6, Vestibule Limited, daily, for Chicago and the West..... 11:33 a m
No. 2, Pacific Express, daily, for Chicago and the West..... 1:12 a m
No. 4, Express, daily, except Sunday, for Chicago and the West... 9:10 a m
No. 32, Local Freight, daily except Sunday..... 7:00 a m
No. 10, Wells-Fargo Limited Express, daily, except Monday..... 4:50 p m

TRAINS EAST.

No. 5, Vestibule Limited, daily, for New York and Boston..... 2:02 p m
No. 3, Express, daily except Sunday..... 3:24 p m
No. 13, Express, daily for New York 3:41 a m
No. 33, Local Freight, daily, except Sunday..... 7:00 a m
Train 10 will not run days following legal holidays.
Through Coaches and Sleeping cars to New York and Boston.

FRANK C. McCOY, Agent.
W. S. MORRISON, Trav. Pass. Agt. Huntington.

L. E. & W. R. R.

Important Change of Time In Effect January 20th, 1901.—Increased Service.

East Bound—Leaving Time.

No. 2, Eastern express, daily, 6:11 p m
No. 4, N. Y. and Boston Lm'ted, except Sunday ..... 3:42 p m
No. 8, Cleveland and Buffalo Fast Mail, ex. Sunday..8:15 a m

West Bound—Leaving Time.

No. 1, N. Y. Kansas City and Denver Lm'ted, daily....9:47 a m
No. 3, Lima and St. Louis Express, ex. Sunday.....3:50 a m
No. 5, N. Y., Cleveland and Indianapolis Express, except Sunday .....4:38 p m
No. 7, Cleveland and Lima Special, arrives except Sunday .....3:20 p m

Trains No. 2 and 4 run in connection with the L. S. & M. S. "fast flyers," the most magnificently appointed trains in the world for Cleveland, Buffalo, New York, Boston, Montreal and all eastern cities. Trains No. 1 and 3 make close connection at Bloomington and Peoria with through trains for all points in the West, Northwest and Southwest. Trains No. 1 and 2 have modern, up-to-date parlor and dining car service.

Inquire further of F. A. Burkhardt, City Passenger agent. Bell Phones 159 and 672.

LOCAL TIME CARD.

C. H. & D.

SOUTH BOUND.

		Departs.
No. 7.	Daily	2:10 a. m
No. 11.	Daily except Sunday	8:00 a. m
No. 1.	Daily except Sunday	9:39 a. m
No. 5.	Daily	12:41 p. m
No. 3.	Daily	4:20 p. m
No. 9.	Daily	6:00 p. m
No. 55.	Sunday only	4:55 p. m
No. 13.	Daily, except Sunday, Arr. 7:45	p. m

NORTH BOUND.

		Departs.
No. 12.	Daily	2:25 a. m
No. 14.	Daily except Sunday	8:55 a. m
No. 2.	Daily except Sunday	9:20 a. m
No. 6.	Daily	11:57 a. m
No. 4.	Daily except Sunday	4:35 p. m
No. 50.	Sunday only	7:43 a. m
No. 15.	Daily, except Sunday, Arr.	9:00 p. m
No. 53.	Sunday only	9:55 p. m

P. F. W. & C.

In effect November 25, 1900.

EAST BOUND.

No. 24	Pittsburg special, daily	1:25 a. m.
" 7	Eastern express, daily	7:34 a. m.
" 36	Crestline accommodation, daily except Sunday	8:51 a. m.
" 22	To Alliance, daily except Sunday	2:40 p. m
" 20	New York special, daily	5:57 p. m.
" 8	Day express, daily	9:26 p. m.
" 2	Limited express, daily	10:42 p. m.

WEST BOUND.

No. 16	Chicago and west, daily	1:49 a. m.
" 5	Limited express, daily	3:23 a. m.
" 21	Chicago special, daily	8:35 a. m.
" 39	Chicago and west, daily except Sunday	9:40 a. m.
" 9	Chicago and west, daily	2:35 p. m.
" 35	Ft. Wayne Accommodation, daily except Sunday	5:20 p. m.

Foley's Honey and Tar heals lungs and stops the cough.

AGRICULTURE

Suggestions to Wheat Growers.

The almost unparalleled destruction of the wheat crop of 1900, throughout Ohio, Indiana and Michigan, is generally ascribed chiefly to the Hessian fly, and undoubtedly this insect has caused much loss, not only by destruction outright of many plants in the fall, but by so weakening the vitality of others that they succumbed to weather conditions which they would otherwise have been able to resist. But behind these causes there lies another which must not be lost sight of, namely, the exhaustion of soil fertility. The importance of this factor is shown in the experiments of the Ohio Station, in which wheat on new land has, this year, yielded nearly 40 bushels to the acre, without fertilizers, whereas unfertilized wheat on land that has been, for 60 or 70 years, under such cultivation as is practiced on a large proportion of Ohio farms, was almost totally destroyed by fly and weather conditions combined, the number of plants attacked by the fly being in both cases approximately the same.

Where the sowing of wheat has been delayed until after the middle of September in the extreme northern part of the state; to the 20th and 25th in the latitude of this station; to the last week in the month in that of Columbus, and to the first week in October farther south, the results have been generally more favorable than where the seeding was done earlier; but these dates were not sufficiently late to escape the fly last fall, owing probably in part to peculiar seasonal conditions. When the seeding is delayed beyond the dates mentioned the loss from the plant not having time to sufficiently prepare for the winter will probably be greater than the average loss from the fly.

Even at these dates, in ordinary seasons, there will be need to see that the land is thoroughly prepared and well fertilized if remunerative yields are to be obtained.

Late sowing, however, while in some measure a protection from the fall attack of the fly, will have no effect on the spring attack unless universally practiced in a given district; for if one farmer in a township sows his wheat in time to invite the fall attack he will have provided a breeding place from which flies will swarm the following spring to destroy the crops of all his neighbors. It would seem, therefore, to be well worth while for farmers to take united action in this matter by banding together over large districts and agreeing to delay their wheat seeding until the dates suggested. Such a test, if properly carried out, would be of incalculable value in determining the actual value of this method of securing immunity from the fly.

If, in connection with a general postponement of the date of seeding, each farmer would sow a small strip of wheat at an earlier date, this to be plowed under with a jointer a few days before the general seeding and then resown, it might have a very useful effect in attracting the flies and causing them to deposit their eggs where they could be easily destroyed.

Many farmers are writing to the Experiment Station, asking whether it is advisable to sow rye instead of wheat this fall. To this we have to reply that rye is also subject to attack from the Hessian fly, while the statistics of crop production in Ohio show that the average yield of rye is no greater than that of wheat, and the market statistics show that its average value per bushel is much below that of wheat.

Our advice therefore is, in brief: Put the seed bed for wheat in the best possible condition by plowing early, thoroughly pulverizing the surface immediately to retain moisture, and manuring or fertilizing liberally; then delay the seeding to a comparatively late date and use a liberal quantity of seed. The recent experiments of this station show that two bushels of thoroughly cleaned seed is not too much for an acre of ordinary land.—Chas. E. Thorne, Director Ohio Experiment Station.

FREQUENT COUGHING

Inflames the lungs. Foley's Honey and Tar stops the coughing and heals the lungs. The ordinary cough medicines which are simply expectorants, will not do this, as they keep the lungs irritated in throwing off the phlegm.

H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

If you haven't a regular, healthy movement of the bowels every day, you're sick, or will be. Keep your bowels open, and be well. Force, in the shape of violent physic or pill poison, is dangerous. The smoothest, easiest, most perfect way of keeping the bowels clear and clean is to take

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets TRADE MARK REGISTERED REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe, 10c. 25c. Write for free sample, and booklet on health. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 318

KEEP YOUR BLOOD CLEAN

CAMPFIRE SKETCHES.

SOME SHORT STORIES FOR THE VETERANS.

Boston Could Be Bombarded Says Rear Admiral William T. Sampson of the United States Navy—Western Recruits of Superior Physique.

England's Newest War Poem.

I hear a voice of murderous wrath;
We have not burned enough, or slain;
Too little havoc marks our path;
Wherefore so gentle, so humane?

From countless rooftrees be there rolled
The smoke of expiatory fires!
More incense yet an hundredfold
The unsated God of War requires.

Blind from the first, blind to the end,
Blind to all signs that ask men's gaze!
In vain by lips of foe or friend
The world cries shame upon your ways.

Fulfill your mission; spoil and burn;
Fling forth the helpless—babe as well;
And let the children's children learn
To hate you with the hate of hell.

From whatsoever taint remains
Of lingering justice in our heart,
Purge us—erase the poor last strains
Of pity—such your noble part.

So shall the God of War not lack
His tribute; and the long-foiled light
Be for the hundredth time thrust back
Into the night, into the night.

—William Watson in Indianapolis News.

Western Recruits of Superior Physique.

According to the results of the physical examinations for admission of landsmen into the navy the western boys seem to have an advantage in physique over those of the Atlantic seaboard. Dr. Skitt of the Hartford, in his report to the Surgeon-General of the Navy, says: "In connection with the physical examination of the landsmen received from the Richmond and Vermont on the arrival of the Hartford from the Pacific station a great superiority has been observed as regards the outward manifestations of a sound physique among those born in the Middle West over the natives of the Atlantic coast. There were noted among the recruits from the Eastern cities a large number of persons who would probably develop unfitness for the service by reason of catarrhal conditions of throat and nose, as well as from relaxation of inguinal rings, these conditions being far less frequent among the recruits from the Western states. While the most striking feature differentiating the two classes was as regards general appearance, yet the following averages, obtained from measurements, are in a degree indicative of this superiority: Of 163 men, natives of the Eastern coast cities, the averages were: Age, 20.3 years; weight, 129 pounds; height, 66 inches; chest, expansion, 3.2 inches; circumference of arm, 11 inches, and circumference of thigh, 19 inches. Among those born in the Middle West, numbering 92, the average was: 20.5 years; average weight, 135 pounds; average height, 67 inches; average chest expansion, 3.3 inches; average circumference of arm, 11.5 inches, and average circumference of thigh, 19.5. Of the 251 recruits who were enlisted for this ship about a year ago, all coming from the west, the following averages pertained at time of first examination: Age, 21; weight, 139 pounds; height, 66.6 inches; chest expansion, 3.2 inches; circumference of arm, 11.7 inches; of thigh, 20 inches."—New York Press.

Boston Could Be Bombarded.

Rear Admiral William T. Sampson, U. S. N., commandant of the Charlestown navy yard, commenting on the dispatch recently sent out from Washington in which it is stated that the millions of dollars spent by the United States government for mortars for coast defense have been wasted, says the statement is, essentially, not true. The $15,000,000 invested in these guns is not thrown away, but he believes that rifles are more effective for defenses than mortars. He says: "I have not over much confidence in the effectiveness of mortar fire against ships, because if the ship is moving, as any battleship surely would be when attacking an enemy's defenses, and especially if she is moving rapidly, the difficulty of hitting her with a shell fired from a mortar is very great. With a stationary target the case would be quite different, and if mortar batteries are placed so as to hit within certain limits the ship would surely be struck. A shell fired from a mortar will describe a nearly perfect curve by its trajectory, unless strong currents of air are encountered. The statement that the true course is not known is wrong, experiments have demonstrated the facts as I have stated them. There might be some cases where it is more or less true that the course would vary; there might be times when incorrect aim would change it. Mortars are useful for comparatively short distances. A modern rifle of high power and large size will throw a shell 10, 12 or even 15 miles and do effective work. As far as mortars can shoot, say, five miles, they also are effective and most likely would destroy a ship. You have got to get very close to your target, you see, in order to strike the enemy. On the other hand, the ship 10 miles at sea, or several miles out of range of the defending mortars, could do a great deal of damage. The big guns of the ships will, then, owing to their increased power and horizontal fire, be able to destroy the mortar batteries at long range. The men on shore would be obliged to await the near approach of the enemy's ships; or, if they did not come in nearer, could do nothing while the attacking ships shelled them from a safe position out of reach. As I have said before, they are all right within certain limits. The only trouble is that the target may not approach near enough to allow of her being hit. The whole city of Boston is open to shell fire from a distance of six miles from the state house. Of course, while the enemy's ships were near enough to throw the shells they would be subject to the return fire of the forts and shore batteries. The enemy could come up into Broad sound under cover of darkness, provided there was no fog to prevent, and throw shells from there into the heart of the city. Or they might come up the sound in the daytime, I think. The heavy guns of the forts are too far away to get at them. They might be destroyed before they could do any considerable damage, and again they might not. The ships' guns with their horizontal fire and greater range would have a distinct advantage over the mortars. As an illustration, the big 13-inch guns will throw a shell about 13 miles; the best mortars will carry less than half that distance. The largest battleships would not have the least trouble. I believe, in shelling the city and doing an immense amount of damage to valuable property. Perhaps they would be destroyed, but not before they had done much injury. At present I think the mortar question is not open to criticism. They are useful in a way; all such things are useful. I think that, sooner or later, rifled guns will be used exclusively for coast defense, however. They are more to be depended on because they place the two combatants on a more equal footing. The ports supplied with rifles will be able to open fire as soon as the ships, and perhaps to better advantage. It costs less to fire the mortars."—Boston Herald.

To Teach Military Tactics.

The appointment of Lieutenant Colonel Henry R. Brinkerhoff, United States army, as professor of military science and tactics in the University of Chicago promises to bring about a revival of interest in that line of work among the students, says the Chicago Inter Ocean. For some time the lack of an efficient course in military training has been seriously felt by the faculty. Three years ago some military works was done in the university, under the direction of Lieutenant Palmer, a graduate of West Point, and 100 students joined the class. The government furnished the university with 200 rifles and 200,000 rounds of ammunition. Unfortunately, however, shortly after the work of the department got into smooth running order, Lieutenant Palmer was detailed to active service in Cuba. Student officers were then appointed to take control in his absence. Consequently, in the past two years there has been practically nothing done in military lines in the institution. As a result of the assignment of Lieutenant Colonel Brinkerhoff, there will probably be some changes in the plans of the new gymnasiums to be built next spring to accommodate the members of the class. Just what will be done is not yet known. However, Dr. Goodspeed says that the military department will be amply cared for.

FROST BITES AND CHILBLAINS

quickly cured by Banner Salve, the most healing remedy in the world.

H. F. Vortkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

Books About the Civil War.

General Rush C. Hawkins of New York has sent to the library of the University of Vermont a collection of books and documents relating to the civil war, to be added to the notable collection of war books previously given by him to the library. With them is a copy of the famous issue of the Vicksburg Citizen of July 2, 1863, printed on wallpaper.

Nice, for two hundred years, has been famous for its violet extracts and perfumes made from mignonette.

FOR OLD AGE

To the old, as to babies, the even balance of health is more important than anything else in the world. The possible health, in age, is not high and strong; it is only even.

There is no end, but death, to the trouble that comes of its loss.

It ought to be watched like a baby's.

Their future is short; but oh how it turns on comfort! on whether the wrinkles are wrinkles of pain or of long serene enjoyment!

Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil—for very old and very young in different ways—is the food to secure this even condition of health.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

Food is Force

The foundation of force is food. You can't have force without food. You may have food without force.

There are lots of people to-day who are eating food without getting the good of it. It's like fuel fed to a fire that falls through the grate.

The condition created is called "wasting" or "decline." Kind-hearted folks refer to it as being "delicate." Later it is called something worse.

The greatest remedy ever discovered for wasting diseases is Hagee's Cordial of Cod Liver Oil. It strikes right at the root of the disease. It removes the causes of non-assimilation of food. It creates a healthy appetite and it gets from the food the force that gives the vim and vigor of healthy manhood and womanhood.

In the early stages of consumption in bronchitis, nervous debility, scrofula, anæmia, neuralgia, sciatic rheumatism and other kindred ailments, remarkable cures have been reported by physicians, through the use of Hagee's Cordial. Immediate relief has followed its use in all cases. A permanent cure has been effected in hundreds of apparently hopeless conditions.

And Hagee's Cordial tastes good. It presents, as no other compound does, all the good of the finest Norwegian Cod Liver Oil, without a trace of the grease. It is combined with hypophosphites of lime and soda and blended with an aromatic cordial so that the weakest stomach can take it summer or winter.

Hagee's Cordial
OF COD LIVER OIL
is the best remedy for consumption now known to medical science.

It is a tissue builder and tonic. It causes rapid accumulation of flesh. It is the only known remedy in all cases of scrofula, catarrh, throat trouble and early stages of consumption. It is an absolute specific in all conditions marked by thinness, weakness, pallor and other signs of interrupted nutrition. Hagee's Cordial is endorsed by thousands of physicians who have gladly welcomed it as the only rational form of cod liver oil. Sold by all druggists in $1.00 bottles.

Made by KATHARMON CHEMICAL COMPANY, St. Louis, Mo.

Swine Pasture Fences.

The director of the Montana Experiment station says: To profitably produce pork the farmer must pasture swine, both old and young. This necessitates a pig-tight pasture fence. Of materials employed for fence construction lumber is perhaps the best. However, it is expensive in its first cost and subsequent maintenance, and its tendency to collect snowdrifts makes it objectionable. Wire fences are cheaper and more durable. We have tried swine fences built of thick set barb wire, wire three inches apart, tightly stretched, stapled to posts 16 feet apart, with stakes between posts four feet apart. It would seem that such a fence would turn the pigs, but it did not. The cuts and scratches caused by the wires heal rapidly on swine, and the little fellows would wriggle through, indifferent to the barbs. Later we have used a fence made of smooth wire, three different numbers, woven into a close mesh fence.

Cooked Food for Pigs.

Especially in cool weather warm cooked food adds to the comforts of the pigs, and comfort has much to do with thrift. The germs of disease are killed by the cooking and animals that have germ-proof feed and drink will be affected very little with diseases, especially with those of a contagious character.

TO DOUBT THIS

Is to Disbelieve the Evidence of Your Own Senses.

It's Lima Proof for Lima people.
It's local endorsation for local readers.
It will stand the most rigid investigation.

Mr. A. Norr is of 919 north Main street, brick mason by trade, says: "I was troubled for some years with heavy aching pain across the small of my back, causing such misery that at night I could not rest and what sleep I did get seemed to do me no good, as I arose in the morning feeling tired and sore all over. The kidney secretions were highly colored and deposited a heavy sediment. I procured Doan's Kidney Pills at Melville's drug store and used them. They helped me from the start. I was soon not bothered at all with my back or kidneys."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's and take no substitute.

CH&D CINCINNATI

EXCURSION RATES TO

THROUGH WITHOUT CHANGE FROM DETROIT TO ST. AUGUSTINE DAILY EXCEPT SATURDAY AND SUNDAY, LEAVING DETROIT 12.35 NOON; TOLEDO, 2.30 PM.; CINCINNATI, 8.40 PM., ARRIVING AT ST. AUGUSTINE NEXT EVENING FOR SUPPER.

FLORIDA

The Bahamas, Cuba, and the SOUTH.

Tickets now on sale.

Apply for Book, "Winter Trips South."

Enjoy the orange groves, wholesome air, pine forests, surf bathing, in Florida; or the Mardi Gras celebration in New Orleans, a city of quaint and curious interest.

For further information inquire J. A. WILLIAMSON, Dis. Pass. Agt., Toledo, Ohio.

D. G. EDWARDS, Passenger Traffic Manager, Cincinnati, Ohio.

HEALTH AND VITALITY
DR. HOTT'S NERVERINE PILLS

The great remedy for nervous prostration and all diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Failing or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every $5 order we guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00. DR. HOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

AFTER USING.

Sold by H. F. Vortkamp, North East Corner Main and North Sts.

EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sold for $1.00 per box.

For Sale by Wm. Melville, corner of Main and High Sts. 71

TO INTEREST THE WOMEN.

Waists in golf red and green cloth charm one by their ugliness.

Most stout women are possessed with the idea that they have fine figures.

Is there anything worse than artificial palms and other plants in a private house?

Some men act toward their wives as if they had conferred a great favor in marrying them.

Clover sofa pillows are fragrant additions to cozy corners, and are supposed to induce pleasant dreams.

Royal blue, combined with baby blue, was an odd but not particularly pretty combination seen the other day.

"I remember a passage in Goldsmith's Vicar of Wakefield, which he was afterwards fool enough to expunge: 'I do not love a man who is zealous for nothing.'"—Samuel Johnson.

Foley's Kidney Cure makes kidneys and bladder right.

Glasgow Gets Duff House.

The duke of Fife has placed Duff house, with its magnificent collection of pictures, at the disposal of the council of the Glasgow international exhibition, the guaranty fund for which now amounts to over half a million sterling.

Minister Wu on Foreigners.

Wu Ting Fang, the Chinese minister in Washington, addressed the National Academy of Political and Social Science in Philadelphia recently, his subject being "The Causes of the Unpopularity of Foreigners in China."

A Man's Sad Plaint.

It is remarkable with what patience a woman trims her dress with buttons this season, while a man has so much trouble getting the few sewed on that are necessary.—Atchison Globe.

Nails Grow After Dismemberment.

It has been discovered in a London hospital that nails on amputated fingers continue to grow for some weeks after being cut off.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

LEFT

The Widower in the Lurch.

Were Married

At Anderson, Ind., Saturday Afternoon.

Another Unexpected Elopement and Wedding Has Been Reported.

Miss Mollie McGrath Meets Andy O'Donnel in Muncie and They Go to Anderson to Have the Nuptial Knot Tied.

Anderson, Ind., seems to be a mecca for run-away marriages, two events of the kind having occurred there within the past week, and three of the four principals were from this city. The first sensational marriage reported from the gas-belt town was that of Miss Mayme Dolan, of Tipton, Ind., to L. E. & W. engineer Frank Miller, of this city, and before the friends of the bride and groom had ceased to wonder over the event, the information was received, Saturday evening, that Miss Mollie McGrath, of north West street, this city, and Mr. Andy O'Donnell, a well known oil well driller, had been wedded in the same boosier town.

Friends of Miss McGrath were seen by the TIMES-DEMOCRAT Saturday evening and they stated that the couple had met in Muncie and then after being married in Anderson, had gone to Alexandria, where they are now said to be quartered at the Madison hotel. Mr. O'Donnell has recently been working in the oil field near Alexandria, and from that place he went to Muncie Saturday morning. Miss McGrath left her home here Saturday morning and went to Muncie on L. E. & W. train 1. Only a very few of her most intimate friends knew of her intended marriage, and it is said that neither her parents or the well-known widower who had paid his attentions to her for three or four years knew of the elopement until after a telegram was received from the bride by some of her friends Saturday evening.

Andy O'Donnell sprang into local prominence by playing the role of an amateur detective when the police were searching for the criminals who committed a well remembered assault on a young woman near the Pierce street bridge more than a year ago. His bride is also quite well known and is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McGrath, of 443 north West street.

NOTICE A. O. U. W.

The members of Lima lodge No. 64, Ancient Order of United Workmen, are hereby requested to meet in their lodge room, in Gazette block, on Tuesday evening, February 5, 1901, at 7:30 o'clock, and to bring their wives. Invite your friends and their wives also. Bro. F. D. Winton, of Oregon, arrived in the city Saturday and will be with us and deliver an address upon the objects and principals of our noble order. The plan of insurance and the fraternal features will be explained. The public is cordially invited to attend. Come, let's have a good social time. Light luncheon will be served. By order of committee.

Coughs and colds, down to the very borderland of consumption, yield to the soothing healing influences of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

We will close out our dressing sacques, jackets and capes for less than cost. Now is your greatest opportunity to get a garment for almost nothing at Mrs. F. Light's.

LIMA LODGE No. 205, F. & A. M.

Stated communication this evening. Work on F. C. degree.

L. F. LAUDICK, W. M.
WALLACE LANDIS, Secretary.

Dyspepsia—bane of human existence. Burdock Blood Bitters cures it, promptly, permanently. Regulates and tones the stomach.

WEDDING

Of Three Happy Couples to Occur in Near Future.

Pat Donovan, of L. E. & W., and Pat Canavan and John Harley, the Grooms-Elect.

The promise of marriage between the following well known young couples was announced at the high mass at St. Rose church yesterday: Patrick Donivan, a popular engineer on the L. E. & W. and a member of St. Rose congregation, and Miss Sarah Rock, of Fremont. Patrick Canavan, district foreman for the Buckeye Pipe Line company, and Miss Rose Leonard, a popular young lady of the south side, and John Harley, also an employe of the Buckeye Pipe Line company and Miss Minnie O'Connell, of Greenlawn avenue. These marriages will occur between now and Ash Wednesday, which occurs this year on Feb. 20th.

MESSAGE

Received by Rev. Mitchell from Evangelist Wilson.

The following message was received by Rev. Clarence Mitchell from evangelist Allen Wilson, now holding meetings at Dayton, O. The body of the message will be of interest to many here as it speaks of two great meetings; one at the South Side Church of Christ, and the other at Dayton being held by Wilson and Huston, who held meetings here a few weeks in Music hall with the Wayne street Church of Christ:

DAYTON, O., Feb. 1, 1901.
Rev. Clarence Mitchell, Lima, Ohio:

Congratulations! Great work; go on!—228 at Dayton; 52 on Sunday; 8 Monday; 7 Tuesday; 12 Wednesday; 7 last night. Praise the Lord!

ALLEN WILSON.

One hundred and forty-six additions have been made to the congregation of the South Side Church of Christ since the opening of this winter's revival services.

ERIE EXCURSION.

On February 5th and 19th, March 5 and 19, April 2 and 16. The Erie Railroad will sell Homeseeker's round trip tickets at very low rates to points in the West and South and on each Tuesday, commencing February 12th, one way settler's tickets will be sold at low rates to points in the West, Northwest and South. For full information regarding rates apply to Erie Agents, or write,

W. S. MORRISON,
T. P. A., Erie R. R.
Huntington, Ind

3t a week d&wtt

We will close out our dressing sacques, jackets and capes for less than cost. Now is your greatest opportunity to get a garment for almost nothing at Mrs. F. Light's.

LARCENY

Is the Charge Held Against Clarence Ruple.

Is Alleged to Have Stolen Money from Floyd DeLawder—Was Arrested at Wapakoneta.

Policeman Walter S. Mills went to Wapakoneta this afternoon to take charge of a prisoner who was arrested there at the request of Chief Harley. The prisoner is Clarence Ruple, a young man who is charged with having stolen some money belonging to Floyd DeLawder, at McClintock's livery barn on east Spring street. The robbery is alleged to have occurred several days.

Is it a burn? Use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. A cut? Use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. At your druggists.

MRS. W. M. BOWSHER,

A Well Known Cridersville Lady, Died Yesterday.

Mrs. W. M. Bowsher, of Cridersville, well known in this city, died on Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. The funeral will be held from the M. E. church at Cridersville, Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Ladies jackets and capes at less than manufacturer's cost at Mrs. F. Light's.

ERIE

Switchman's Narrow Escape.

Fell From Car

Onto the Track in Front of a Cut.

One Leg Was Badly Fractured by His Fall Upon the Rail Below.

But He Managed to Throw Himself from the Track Just in Time to Escape from Death Under the Wheels.

Howard Smith, an extra switchman, who was recently employed in the C. & E. yards had a very narrow escape from death last night and the fact that he is still alive is due to his own nerve and rare presence of mind. He was unfortunate enough, as it was, to sustain a very severe fracture and is now a patient in the city hospital, but owing to the circumstances attending the accident he considers himself fortunate in having escaped an awful death.

Smith was working with one of the switching crews under the direction of night yard master Rowland last night and met with his thrilling experience about 8 o'clock when the crew was "pulling" the freight house track. A cut of several cars was to be cut off from the engine after being given a start and Smith was on the forward car intending to ride the cut and stop it at the proper place. The engineer was given a signal to slow down in order to let the cut of cars run free but the couplers refused to work and when the air was applied the brakes set and suddenly checked the speed of the entire string of cars. Smith did not expect the sudden checking of the box car he was on and the shock threw him off the forward end of the roof and he fell violently upon the track below. His left leg struck across one of the rails and was fractured near the thigh.

The cars continued to move forward and Smith, though badly shaken up and injured by the fall, realized that in an instant the wheels would be upon him and with a strenuous effort he threw himself off of the track and the trucks passed within a few inches of his body.

The injured man was removed to the city hospital where his injuries were attended and today he was reported to be resting comfortably.

FIRST AND FOREMOST

In the field of medicine is Hood's Sarsaparilla. It possesses actual and unequalled merit by which it cures all diseases caused or promoted by impure or impoverished blood. If you have rheumatism, dyspepsia, scrofula or catarrh you may take Hood's Sarsaparilla and be cured. If you are run down and feel weak and tired, you may be sure it will do you good.

The favorite family cathartic is Hood's Pills. 8

THURSDAY,

Funeral of Guy Moore Will be Held From the Residence.

Mrs. Lillie Moore and the remains of her deceased son, Guy, will arrive here from Los Angeles, Cal., Wednesday, and the funeral will be held at the residence on west Market street, Thursday, at 2 p. m. Rev. Figley will officiate. Alf Baxter will meet Mrs. Moore at Chicago.

Among the merry sleighing parties of Friday evening was that given by the Misses Shuler and Hoover, being driven to Columbus Grove. In returning they were given a delightful lunch which was enjoyed by all. Those present were the Misses Berry, Wagoner, Robbins, Williams, Crow, Muntis, Longmeir, Shuler and Hoover. Messers Bowersox, Wort, Gray, Koogle, Murphy, Batson, Roney, Treece and Landon.

A great sale in dressing sacques at less than cost at Mrs. F. Light's.

THE IDLER.

There are frequent attempts on the part of people who have a roast in store for some real or imaginary enemy to use the columns of the press to air their grievances, but it is seldom that a communication with that end in view bears the signature of the author. Many such anonymous notes are consigned to the waste basket, but here is one that cannot possibly do anybody an injury, its publication only being permitted because of its peculiarity and to serve as a sample of some of the contributions that find their way to the editors desk. The "tall guy" referred to will please take warning:

"Tere is tall gy he quarls the wimen when he is qwarls his hair stands streight in the air like a bunch of cotton and when he went to a house he go like a old hen with a bunch of young chicken and he is quarling he think he is the push but it is agin wile to quarl with men knows he think he is liable to get hurt wimen when wile try to land him with a broom stick dare opon the and run.

* * *

The Lima Gazette yesterday morning with its characteristic unreliability made the statement that H. G. Hyde was critically ill. Mr. Hyde's many friends will be pleased to know that he has asked us to contradict the statement inasmuch as it is entirely untrue. He is feeling better than he has for some time, and if the weather would permit he would be down town today.

* * *

The state board of health has issued a public order advising against mass meetings being held in this part of the state. The stand is taken on account of the prevalence of small pox which seems hard to stamp out. Twenty-six persons have been quarantined at Columbus, having been exposed by William Martin, an Ohio State University student, who is ill at his home in Lancaster. Fifteen of those quarantined are students at Sigma Alpha Epsilon fraternity, on Neil avenue, and the others are families where the students boarded.

* * *

As "Grant Johnson," exalted ruler of the Tappen Row Elks, in the Elks' minstrels to be given tomorrow and Wednesday nights at Findlay, Mr. Lester Scott, the smoothest black face artist ever introduced to a local audience from the ranks of home talent, will wear a uniform once worn in the German army by the great Prince Bismarck. This uniform is the property of Mrs. W. H. Beck, of east Sandusky street, and was kindly loaned for the occasion. The uniform came into the possession of Mrs. Beck through her father, Frederick Fliwock, who died a number of years ago. Mr. Scott made a hit in the minstrel show given by the Eastmen College Glee club at Madison Square Garden, New York, several years ago.—Findlay Courier.

* * *

Teddy Whiteman has taken a position as a bartender at the Baker & Guncheon saloon and restaurant.

* * *

Mrs. J. W. Attlebarger this morning received a letter from her nephew, Mr. Clyde Snyder, now at Long Island, stating that he just been to see Julia Marlowe's company in "When Knighthood Was a Flower," in which Miss Norah Lamison has an important part. He speaks in the most flattering terms of Miss Lamison's rendition of the character she assumes in the play.

* * *

On Wednesday evening of this week the popular Alliance club will hold one of its series of winter dances in the Wheeler hall.

* * *

Next Sunday, the officers and members of the local divisions of the Ancient Order of Hibernians who will attend the institution of a new division of the order at Bellefontaine, will leave over the C. H. & D., at 6:50 a. m., and will go by the way of Sidney, reaching Bellefontaine from Sidney over the Big Four. They will arrive here at 1 p. m. on the return trip. The fare for the round trip will be $1.40.

* * *

The regular review of Petroleum Tent No. 422, K. O. T. M., will be held tonight. Iniation of candidates.

* * *

F. M. Keeton, of Chillicathe, who was in the employe of F. E. Harman during the time that bicycle racing was the popular athletic sport in this city, and who was one of the clever local riders, is a guest at the Norval. Mr. Keeton is traveling for the Beckley-Ralston Co., selling photographic supplies and bicycle material and supplies.

Our After Inventory Bargain Sale

Offers Special Attractions at Every Counter.

LADIES' FLANNEL WAISTS.

All Wool Waists at 39c; $1.50, $2.00 and $2.50 W 8c; excellent Waists at $1.19; best $3.00 and $3.50 Waists at $1.98; $4.50 and $5.00 Waists at $2.50; our best $5 00 Waists at $2.98.

LADIES' SILK WAISTS.

Handsome Waists that were $5.00 and $5.50, now going at $2.98; $6.50 and $7.50 Waists, now $3.98, among them rich garments in colors as well as black.

TAILOR MADE SUITS.

Unprecedented Suit Bargains here. $5.00 for Suits that were $10.00; $6.98 for Suits that were $10.00, $12.50 and $13.50; $7.98 for Suits that were $13.50, $15.00 and $16.50; $9.50 for Suits that were $16.50 and $19.50, this gives you excellent garments in many instances at 1-2 price and less. Every garment thoroughly tailored, perfect fit guaranteed.

FURS. FURS. FURS. EXTRAORDINARY PRICE INDUCEMENT.

Fur Scarfs, $2.00 ones now 98c; $2.50 ones now $1.69; $6.00 ones now $3.98; $7.00 ones now $4.98; $11.50 ones now $6.98. Our $7.98 genuine Marten Scarfs now $5.50; $10.00 ones $7.50; $12.50 ones $8.50. Dark Collarettes that were $3.98 and $4.50 now $2.98; $5.00 ones now $3.69; $7.50 ones $4.98; $11.50 ones $7.50; $13.50 ones $8.50. Light Collarettes that were $8.50 now $3.98; $10.00 ones now $4.98; $11.50 and $12.50 ones now $5.98. Muffs that were $2.00 now $1.19; $3.98 ones now $2.50, $4.50 and $5.00 ones now $2.98; $6.50 and $7.50 ones now $3.98.

Big Bargains in Rainy Day Skirts at $3.98 and 5.00. Big Bargains in Fine Dress Skirts at $6.98, $7.50 and $9.50. Big Bargains in Kid Gloves at 69c. Big Bargains in Ladies' Cloth Gaiters at 12c, 16c, 23c and 29c. Big Bargains in Corsets—some of the best $1.00 Corsets here at 50c, in all sizes—$1.50 and $2.00 Corsets here at $1.00. Big Bargains in Muslin Underwear, special lots in Gowns, Skirts, Drawers and Corset Covers that merit your attention.

BARGAINS AT EVERY COUNTER.

Feldmann & Co

209 and 211 North Main Street.

JUST ARRIVED
The Ladies' Popular Golf Gloves in White and Colors at 50c.
New Venise Bolero Jackets and Fancy Bolero Collars in large variety.
Spikes and Ribbon Ends, so much in vogue now in gold, silver and black.

WADE

May Expose the Crimes of a Bold Gang.

He Will be Taken to Findlay to Testify for the State Against Foster and Ury.

Benjamin Wade, the noted horse thief, burglar and all round bad man, will be taken to Findlay from the Ohio penitentiary, where he is now confined, says the Courier, to testify as a witness for the prosecution at the trial of the case of the State of Ohio against Charles Foster and George Ury, on an indictment for burglary and larceny. He was secured on motion of prosecuting attorney Charles E. Jordan, made and granted by judge Taylor just before court adjourned Friday night.

Wade is an alleged member of the Foster-Lowery gang, and from the fact that his presence is demanded by the state, it seems that he proposes to make a clean breast of his association with other members in their criminal acts. He was sent up from Kenton about a month ago, and his brother Albert was sent up from here for stealing a horse near Cairo.

The trial of Charles Foster will be had one week from next Wednesday, and immediately upon its completion Ury's case will be called. The men were indicted jointly, but owing to a desire on the part of their attorneys seperate trials were granted.

$100.00 GOLD GUARANTEE.

Ohio's Eminent Physicians, Dr. Stevens & Co., of Columbus, Ohio, issue to every patient a One Hundred Dollar Certificate to be paid in gold if they fail to cure. Their object in doing this is to insure their patients that they will get value received for their money they pay. Every case they take unconditionally, they positively cure. If they fail to do so they obligate themselves to pay the patient One Hundred Dollars ($100.00) in gold. Their bank references should be sufficient to satisfy any one that all they promise they will perform.

If you are suffering with any disease, weakness or disability, you are invited to call and get an opinion of your case. A consultation will cost you nothing, and may be the means of bringing health and happiness. The Doctor will give your case his personal and careful attention, if you will call on him at Lima, Ohio, Lima House, Thursday, February 7th, from 10 a. m. to 9 p. m. One day only.

PRESS NOTICE.

A change of officers is taking place in the salvation army, the successors to Capt. and Mrs. Westcott, is Capt. Winkleman and his lieutenant. They will take charge on Thursday evening, February 7th at 7:30 o'clock. Everybody who is interested in the salvation of the last rally, come out and give them a hearty welcome to the city of Lima.

CAPTAIN WESTCOTT.

Only one remedy in the world that will at once stop itching of the skin in any part of the body; Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

GENUINE WELSBACH GAS MANTLES 15 CENTS EACH.

GAS LAMPS COMPLETE WITH WELSBACH MANTLES AND MICA CHIMNEYS 50 CENTS EACH.

The above prices are for first class mantles and lamps put on and adjusted by an experienced workman.

We furnish all lighting supplies at the lowest possible price and make no charge for putting them on.

Lima Gas Light Co.

NOTICE.

The Woman's Relief Corps will meet Tuesday, February 5th, at 7:30 in Memorial hall.

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